

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File number 000-30262



VISUALANT, INCORPORATED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

90-0273142

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

500 Union Street, Suite 420, Seattle, Washington USA

(Address of principal executive offices)

98101

(Zip Code)

206-903-1351

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, address, and fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer (See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "non-accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of common stock, \$.001 par value, issued and outstanding as of August 14, 2014: 167,163,674 shares

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VISUALANT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2014	September 30, 2013 (audited)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 78,837	\$ 747,129
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$40,750 and \$40,750, respectively	900,272	1,007,074
Prepaid expenses	31,920	56,531
Inventories	523,603	600,790
Refundable tax assets	32,466	29,773
Total current assets	1,567,098	2,441,297
EQUIPMENT, NET	392,153	427,215
OTHER ASSETS		
Intangible assets, net	516,460	770,882
Goodwill	983,645	983,645
Other assets	6,161	6,161
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,465,517	\$ 4,629,200
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 2,323,940	\$ 2,301,149
Accounts payable - related parties	55,064	66,025
Accrued expenses	21,683	80,926
Accrued expenses - related parties	343,033	-
Derivative liability - warrants	3,366,059	4,184,000
Notes payable - current portion of long term debt	985,128	753,129
Total current liabilities	7,094,907	7,385,229
LONG TERM LIABILITIES:		
Long term debt	-	1,894
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
	-	-
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock - \$0.001 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 167,163,674 and 165,263,674 shares issued and outstanding at 3/31/14 and 9/30/13, respectively	167,164	165,264
Additional paid in capital	17,907,533	17,565,568
Accumulated deficit	(21,776,800)	(20,537,825)
Total stockholders' deficit	(3,702,103)	(2,806,993)
Noncontrolling interest	72,713	49,070
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 3,465,517	\$ 4,629,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

VISUALANT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended,		Nine Months Ended,	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
REVENUE	\$ 2,021,028	\$ 2,060,250	\$ 5,923,483	\$ 6,333,552
COST OF SALES	1,709,848	1,642,240	4,965,960	4,807,196
GROSS PROFIT	311,180	418,010	957,523	1,526,356
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES	165,880	341,231	570,754	720,022
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	780,699	1,018,083	2,376,716	3,570,911
OPERATING LOSS	(635,399)	(941,304)	(1,989,947)	(2,764,577)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest expense	(27,316)	(38,605)	(68,438)	(154,642)
Other income	8,610	5,296	22,419	25,206
Gain (loss) on change - derivative liability warrants	1,996,829	(1,448,710)	817,941	(1,448,710)
Loss on purchase of warrants and additional investment right	-	-	-	(1,150,000)
Total other income (expense)	1,978,123	(1,482,019)	771,922	(2,728,146)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,342,724	(2,423,323)	(1,218,025)	(5,492,723)
Income taxes - current benefit	3,109	(13,910)	(2,693)	(30,045)
NET LOSS	1,339,615	(2,409,413)	(1,215,332)	(5,462,678)
NONCONTROLLING INTEREST	3,109	(6,476)	23,643	(14,802)
NET (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO VISUALANT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	<u>\$ 1,336,506</u>	<u>\$ (2,402,937)</u>	<u>\$ (1,238,975)</u>	<u>\$ (5,447,876)</u>
Basic and diluted income (loss) per common share attributable to Visualant, Inc. and subsidiaries common shareholders-				
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ (0.02)</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding- basic and diluted	166,152,685	124,638,584	165,560,011	108,181,494

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

VISUALANT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended,	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (1,215,332)	\$ (5,462,678)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	288,995	303,270
Issuance of capital stock for services and expenses	60,000	254,500
Issuance of warrants for services and expenses	57,150	25,000
Issuance of capital stock for accrued liabilities	160,000	136,630
Stock based compensation	66,715	227,335
Gain on sale of assets	(2,636)	(10,572)
(Gain) loss on change - derivative liability warrants	(817,941)	1,448,710
Loss on purchase of warrants and additional investment right	-	850,000
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	36	29,281
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	106,766	301,700
Prepaid expenses	24,611	159,515
Inventory	77,187	(345,937)
Accounts payable - trade and accrued expenses	295,620	264,039
Deferred revenue	-	(666,667)
Income tax receivable	(2,693)	(729)
CASH (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(901,522)	(2,486,603)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	-	(23,746)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	3,125	12,201
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	3,125	(11,545)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from line of credit	(267,460)	109,337
Proceeds from notes payable	200,000	-
Proceeds from notes payable- related party	300,000	-
Repayment of debt	-	(1,899,500)
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	-	4,852,372
Repayments of capital leases	(2,435)	(10,199)
Change in noncontrolling interest	-	14,802
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	230,105	3,066,812
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(668,292)	568,664
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	747,129	1,141,165
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 78,837	\$ 1,709,829
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$ 35,751	\$ 109,545
Taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Debenture converted to common stock	\$ -	\$ 750,000
Note payable issued for additional investment right	\$ -	\$ 850,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

1. ORGANIZATION

Visualant, Inc. (the "Company" or "Visualant") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on October 8, 1998 and currently has authorized common stock of 500,000,000 shares at \$0.001 par value. On September 13, 2002, 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.001 were authorized by the shareholders. There are no preferred shares issued and the terms have not been determined. The Company's executive offices are located in Seattle, Washington.

The Company has invented a way to shine light at a material (solid surface, liquid, or gas) and measure the amount of light that is reflected back. The pattern of this reflected light is compared to other patterns the Company has captured and this allows the Company to identify, detect, or diagnose materials that cannot be identified by the human eye. The Company refers to this pattern of reflected light as a ChromaID™. The Company designs ChromaID Scanner devices made with electronic, optical, and software parts to produce and capture the light.

The Company's first product, the ChromaID F12 Lab Kit, scans and identifies solid surfaces. The Company is marketing this product to customers who are considering licensing the technology. Target markets include, but are not limited to, plastic packing, semiconductors, pharmaceutical equipment manufacturers, medical waste, commercial paint manufacturers, process control companies, currency paper and ink manufacturers, security card, reader, and scanner manufacturers, food processing, and electronic gaming.

Through our wholly owned subsidiary, TransTech Systems, Inc., based in Aurora, Oregon, the Company provides value added security and authentication solutions to corporate and government security and law enforcement markets throughout the United States.

On November 11, 2013, the Company entered into a Services and License Agreement with Invention Development Management Company ("IDMC"), L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. IDMC is affiliated with Intellectual Ventures, which collaborates with inventors, partners with pioneering companies and invests both expertise and capital in the process of invention. The Company shipped twenty ChromaID F12 Lab Kits inventors in the IDMC network during December 2013 and January 2014.

On June 10, 2013, the Company entered into a Purchase Agreement, Warrants, Registration Rights Agreement and Voting Agreement with Special Situations and forty other accredited investors pursuant to which we issued 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.10 per share for a total of \$5,230,000, which amount includes the conversion of \$500,000 in outstanding debt of the Company owed to one of its officers. As part of the transaction which closed on June 14, 2013, the Company issued to the investors (i) five year Series A Warrants to purchase a total of 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.15 per share; and (ii) five year Series B Warrants to purchase a total of 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.20 per share. The transaction was entered into to strengthen our balance sheet, complete the purchase of our TransTech subsidiary, and provide working capital to support the rapid movement of our ChromaID technology into the marketplace.

To date, the Company been issued six patents by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. See Note 4 for more detailed information regarding the Company's patents and business.

2. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company incurred net losses of \$6,604,631 and \$2,725,692 for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Our net cash used in operating activities was \$3,503,580 for the year ended September 30, 2013.

The Company anticipates that it will record losses from operations for the foreseeable future. As of June 30, 2014, our accumulated deficit was \$21,776,800. The Company has limited capital resources, and operations to date have been funded with the proceeds from private equity and debt financings and currently from loans from Ronald P. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer. These conditions raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The audit report prepared by our independent registered public accounting firm relating to our financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2013 includes an explanatory paragraph expressing the substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining additional working capital. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if we are unable to continue as a going concern.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the accompanying notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements have been included. Such adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. The Consolidated Financial Statements, and the accompanying notes, are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") and do not contain certain information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with that Annual Report on Form 10-K.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. Inter-Company items and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - The Company classifies highly liquid temporary investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased as cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash balances at various financial institutions. Balances at US banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant risk for cash on deposit.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS - Accounts receivable consist primarily of amounts due to the Company from normal business activities. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts to reflect the expected non-collection of accounts receivable based on past collection history and specific risks identified within the portfolio. If the financial condition of the customers were to deteriorate resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, or if payments from customers are significantly delayed, additional allowances might be required.

INVENTORIES - Inventories consist primarily of printers and consumable supplies, including ribbons and cards, badge accessories, capture devices, and access control components held for resale and are stated at the lower of cost or market on the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. Inventories are considered available for resale when drop shipped and invoiced directly to a customer from a vendor, or when physically received by TransTech at a warehouse location. The Company records a provision for excess and obsolete inventory whenever an impairment has been identified. There is a \$10,000 reserve for impaired inventory as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013.

EQUIPMENT - Equipment consists of machinery, leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures and software, which are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives or lease period of the relevant asset, generally 2-10 years, except for leasehold improvements which are depreciated over 5-20 years.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS / INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY - The Company amortizes the intangible assets and intellectual property acquired in connection with the acquisition of TransTech, over sixty months on a straight - line basis, which was the time frame that the management of the Company was able to project forward for future revenue, either under agreement or through expected continued business activities. Intangible assets and intellectual property acquired from RATLab LLC and Javelin are recorded likewise. The Company performs annual assessments and has determined that no impairment is necessary. On June 7, 2011, the Company closed the acquisition of all Visualant related assets of the RATLab LLC, namely the rights to the medical field of use of the Chroma ID technology. On July 31, 2012, the Company closed the acquisition of all rights to the ChromaID technology in the environmental field of use from Javelin LLC.

GOODWILL - Goodwill is the excess of cost of an acquired entity over the fair value of amounts assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. With the adoption of ASC 350, goodwill is not amortized, rather it is tested for impairment annually, and will be tested for impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would indicate the carrying amount may be impaired. Impairment testing for goodwill is done at a reporting unit level. Reporting units are one level below the business segment level, but are combined when reporting units within the same segment have similar economic characteristics. Under the criteria set forth by ASC 350, the Company has one reporting unit based on the current structure. An impairment loss generally would be recognized when the carrying amount of the reporting unit's net assets exceeds the estimated fair value of the reporting unit. The Company performs annual assessments and has determined that no impairment is necessary.

LONG-LIVED ASSETS - The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment annually or when changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Long-lived assets under certain circumstances are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value. Assets to be disposed of and assets not expected to provide any future service potential to the Company are recorded at the lower of carrying amount or fair value (less the projected cost associated with selling the asset). To the extent carrying values exceed fair values, an impairment loss is recognized in operating results.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures*, defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. This topic also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires classification based on observable and unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The fair value hierarchy distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and an entity's own assumptions (unobservable inputs). The hierarchy consists of three levels:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than level one inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs developed using estimates and assumptions, which are developed by the reporting entity and reflect those assumptions that a market participant would use.

Derivative Instruments – Warrants with the June 2013 Private Placement

Financial Instruments	Fair Value Measurements Using Inputs			Carrying Amount at June 30, 2014
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Liabilities:				
Derivative Instruments - Warrants	\$ -	\$ 2,928,800	\$ -	\$ 2,928,800
Total	\$ -	\$ 2,928,800	\$ -	\$ 2,928,800

Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2014
Market price and estimated fair value of common stock:	\$ 0.080
Exercise price	\$ 0.15-0.20
Expected term (years)	3-5 years
Divident yield	-
Expected volatility	76%
Risk-free interest rate	0.78%

The risk-free rate of return reflects the interest rate for the United States Treasury Note with similar time-to-maturity to that of the warrants.

The Company issued warrants to 104,600,000 shares of common stock in connection with the June 2013 Private Placement of 52,300,000 shares of common stock. The strike price of these warrants is \$0.15 to \$0.20 per share. These warrants were not issued with the intent of effectively hedging any future cash flow, fair value of any asset, liability or any net investment in a foreign operation. These warrants were issued with a down-round provision whereby the exercise price would be adjusted downward in the event that additional shares of the Company's common stock or securities exercisable, convertible or exchangeable for the Company's common stock were issued at a price less than the exercise price. Therefore, the fair value of these warrants were recorded as a liability in the consolidated balance sheet and are marked to market each reporting period until they are exercised or expire or otherwise extinguished.

The proceeds from the Private Placement were allocated between the Common Shares and the Warrants issued in connection with the Private Placement based upon their estimated fair values as of the closing date at June 14, 2013, resulting in the aggregate amount of \$2,494,710 to the Stockholders' Equity and \$2,735,290 to the warrant derivative. The Company recognized \$1,448,710 of other expense resulting from the increase in the fair value of the warrant liability at September 30, 2013. During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recognized \$1,255,200 of other income resulting from the decrease in the fair value of the warrant liability at June 30, 2014.

Derivative Instruments – Warrant with the November 2013 IDMC Services and License Agreement

Financial Instruments	Fair Value Measurements Using Inputs			Carrying Amount at June 30, 2014
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Liabilities:				
Derivative Instruments - Warrants	\$ -	\$ 437,259	\$ -	\$ 437,259
Total	\$ -	\$ 437,259	\$ -	\$ 437,259

Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2014
Market price and estimated fair value of common stock:	0.08
Exercise price	0.20
Expected term (years)	5
Divident yield	-
Expected volatility	76%
Risk-free interest rate	0.78%

The risk-free rate of return reflects the interest rate for the United States Treasury Note with similar time-to-maturity to that of the warrants.

The Company issued a warrant to purchase 14,575,286 shares of common stock as consideration for the exclusive IP license and application development services to IDMC signed on November 11, 2013. The warrant price of twenty cents (\$0.20) per share expires November 10, 2018 and the per share price is subject to adjustment. This warrant was not issued with the intent of effectively hedging any future cash flow, fair value of any asset, liability or any net investment in a foreign operation. This warrant was issued with a down-round provision whereby the exercise price would be adjusted downward in the event that additional shares of the Company's common stock or securities exercisable, convertible or exchangeable for the Company's common stock were issued at a price less than the exercise price. Therefore, the fair value of these warrants were recorded as a liability in the consolidated balance sheet and are marked to market each reporting period until they are exercised or expire or otherwise extinguished.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recognized \$437,259 of other expense related to the IDMC warrant.

The recorded value of other financial assets and liabilities, which consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, and accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate the fair value of the respective assets and liabilities at June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 based upon the short-term nature of the assets and liabilities.

REVENUE RECOGNITION – TransTech revenue is derived from other products and services. Revenue is considered realized when the services have been provided to the customer, the work has been accepted by the customer and collectability is reasonably assured. Furthermore, if an actual measurement of revenue cannot be determined, we defer all revenue recognition until such time that an actual measurement can be determined. If during the course of a contract management determines that losses are expected to be incurred, such costs are charged to operations in the period such losses are determined. Revenues are deferred when cash has been received from the customer but the revenue has not been earned. The Sumitomo License fee was recorded as revenue over the life the Joint Development Agreement and was fully recorded as of May 31, 2013.

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION - The Company has share-based compensation plans under which employees, consultants, suppliers and directors may be granted restricted stock, as well as options to purchase shares of Company common stock at the fair market value at the time of grant. Stock-based compensation cost is measured by the Company at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award, over the requisite service period. For options issued to employees, the Company recognizes stock compensation costs utilizing the fair value methodology over the related period of benefit. Grants of stock options and stock to non-employees and other parties are accounted for in accordance with the ASC 505.

INCOME TAXES - Income tax benefit is based on reported loss before income taxes. Deferred income taxes reflect the effect of temporary differences between asset and liability amounts that are recognized for financial reporting purposes and the amounts that are recognized for income tax purposes. These deferred taxes are measured by applying currently enacted tax laws where that company operates out of. The Company recognizes refundable and deferred assets to the extent that management has determined their realization. As of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, the Company had refundable tax assets related to TransTech of \$32,466 and \$29,773, respectively.

NET LOSS PER SHARE – Under the provisions of ASC 260, “Earnings Per Share,” basic loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the periods presented. Diluted net loss per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that would then share in the income of the Company, subject to anti-dilution limitations. The common stock equivalents have not been included as they are anti-dilutive. As of June 30, 2014, there were options outstanding for the purchase of 13,100,000 common shares, warrants for the purchase of 128,555,286 common shares which could potentially dilute future earnings per share. As of June 30, 2013, there were options outstanding for the purchase of 11,005,000 common shares, warrants for the purchase of 112,357,050 common shares, and an undetermined number shares of common stock related to convertible debt, which could potentially dilute future earnings per share.

DIVIDEND POLICY - The Company has never paid any cash dividends and intends, for the foreseeable future, to retain any future earnings for the development of our business. Our future dividend policy will be determined by the board of directors on the basis of various factors, including our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and investment opportunities.

USE OF ESTIMATES - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

A variety of proposed or otherwise potential accounting standards are currently under study by standard setting organizations and various regulatory agencies. Due to the tentative and preliminary nature of those proposed standards, management has not determined whether implementation of such proposed standards would be material to our consolidated financial statements.

4. DEVELOPMENT OF OUR CHROMAID™ TECHNOLOGY

The Company’s ChromaID™ Technology

The Company has invented a way to project light at a material (solid surface, liquid, or gas) and measure the amount of light that is reflected back. The pattern of this reflected light is compared to other patterns the company has captured and this allows us to identify, detect, or diagnose materials that cannot be identified by the human eye. The Company refers to this pattern of reflected light as a ChromaID™. The Company designs ChromaID scanning devices made with electronic, optical, and software parts to produce and capture the light.

The Company’s first product, the ChromaID F12 Lab Kit, scans and identifies solid surfaces. The Company is marketing this product to customers who are considering licensing the technology. Target markets include, but are not limited to, plastic packing, semiconductors, pharmaceutical equipment manufacturers, medical waste, commercial paint manufacturers, process control companies, currency paper and ink manufacturers, security card, reader, and scanner manufacturers, food processing, and electronic gaming.

There is no current requirement for FDA or other government approval for the current applications of the Company’s ChromaID technology. Over time, as the Company explores the application of its ChromaID technology for medical diagnostics and other applications, the Company expects that there will be requirements for FDA and other government approvals before applications using the technology in medical and other regulated fields can enter the marketplace.

The Company’s research and development expenses are as follows:

Nine months ended June 30, 2014- \$570,754
Year ended September 30, 2013- \$1,169,281
Year ended September 30, 2012- \$176,944

The Company employs two individuals and utilizes contractors at other suppliers for its research and development.

The Company’s Patents

On August 9, 2011, the Company was issued US Patent No. 7,996,173 B2 entitled “Method, Apparatus and Article to Facilitate Distributed Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy,” by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires August 24, 2029.

On December 13, 2011, the Company was issued US Patent No. 8,076,630 B2 entitled “System and Method of Evaluating an Object Using Electromagnetic Energy” by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires November 7, 2028.

On December 20, 2011, the Company was issued US Patent No. 8,081,304 B2 entitled “Method, Apparatus and Article to Facilitate Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy” by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 28, 2030.

On October 9, 2012, the Company was issued US Patent No. 8,285,510 B2 entitled “Method, Apparatus, and Article to Facilitate Distributed Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy” by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 31, 2027.

On February 5, 2013, the Company was issued US Patent No. 8,368,878 B2 entitled “Method, Apparatus and Article To Facilitate Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 31, 2027.

On November 12, 2013, the Company was issued US Patent No. 8,583,394 B2 entitled “Method, Apparatus and Article To Facilitate Distributed Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 31, 2027.

The Company is pursuing an aggressive patent strategy to expand our unique intellectual property in the United States and Japan and other countries.

Services and License Agreement with Invention Development Management Company, L.L.C.

On November 11, 2013, the Company entered into a Services and License Agreement with Invention Development Management Company, L.L.C. (“IDMC”), a Delaware limited liability company. IDMC is affiliated with Intellectual Ventures, which collaborates with inventors, partners with pioneering companies and invests both expertise and capital in the process of invention.

The Agreement requires IDMC to identify and engage investors to develop new applications of the Company’s ChromaID™ development kits, present the developments to the Company for approval, and file at least ten (10) patent applications to protect the developments. IDMC is responsible for the development and patent costs. The Company provided the development kits to IDMC at no cost and is providing ongoing technical support. In addition, to provide time for this accelerated expansion of its intellectual property the Company delayed the selling of the ChromaID development kits for 140 days except for certain select accounts. The Company has continued its business development efforts during this period and has worked with IDMC and their global business development services to secure potential customers and licensees for its technology. The Company shipped twenty ChromaID F12 Lab Kits to inventors in the IDMC network during December 2013 and January 2014.

The Company received a worldwide, nontransferable, exclusive license to the licensed IP developed under this Agreement, during the term of the Agreement, and solely within the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use, to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer for sale products and services; (b) make improvements; and (c) grant sublicenses of any and all of the foregoing rights (including the right to grant further sublicenses).

The Company received a nonexclusive and nontransferable option to acquire a worldwide, nontransferable, nonexclusive license to the useful IP held by IDMC within the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer to sell products and services and (b) grant sublicenses to any and all of the foregoing rights. The option to acquire this license may be exercised for up to two years from the effective date of the Agreement.

IDMC is providing global business development services to the Company, including present Visualant IP and any licensed IP, if applicable, to potential customers, licensees, and distributors in markets or geographies not being pursued by Visualant. Also, IDMC has introduced Visualant to potential customers, licensees, or distributors for the purpose of identifying and closing a license, sale, or distribution deal or other monetization event.

Visualant granted to IDMC a nonexclusive, worldwide, fully paid up, nontransferable, sublicenseable, perpetual license to the Visualant IP, solely outside the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer for sale products and services and (b) grant sublicenses of any and all of the foregoing rights (including the right to grant further sublicenses).

The Company granted to IDMC a nonexclusive, worldwide, fully paid up, royalty-free, nontransferable, nonsublicenseable, perpetual license to access and use Visualant Technology solely for the purpose of marketing the aforementioned sublicenses to the Visualant IP to third parties outside the designated fields of use.

The Company issued a warrant to purchase 14,575,286 shares of common stock as consideration for the exclusive IP license and application development services to IDMC signed on November 11, 2013. The warrant price of twenty cents (\$0.20) per share expires November 10, 2018 and the per share price is subject to adjustment.

The Company has agreed to pay IDMC a percentage of license revenue for the global development business services and a percentage of revenue received from any IDMC introduced company. The Company has also agreed to pay IDMC a royalty when Visualant receives royalty product revenue from an IDMC introduced company.

IDMC has agreed to pay Visualant a license fee for the nonexclusive license of the Visualant IP.

The term of the exclusive IP license and the nonexclusive IP license commences on the effective date of November 11, 2013, and terminates when all claims of the patents expire or are held in valid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction from which no appeal can be taken.

The term of the Agreement commences on the effective date until either party terminates the Agreement at any time following the fifth anniversary of the effective date by providing at least ninety days' prior written notice to the other party.

5. AGREEMENTS WITH SUMITOMO PRECISION PRODUCTS CO., LTD.

On May 31, 2012, the Company entered into a Joint Research and Product Development Agreement with Sumitomo, a publicly-traded Japanese corporation, for the commercialization of our ChromaID™ technology. On March 29, 2013, the Company entered into an Amendment to Joint Research and Product Development Agreement or Amended Agreement with Sumitomo. The Amended Agreement extended the Joint Development Agreement from March 31, 2013 to December 31, 2013. The extension provided for continuing work between Sumitomo and Visualant focused upon advancing the ChromaID technology and market research aimed at identifying the most significant markets for the ChromaID technology. The current version of the technology, identified as Version 6D, was introduced to the marketplace as a part of our ChromaID F12 Lab Kit during the three months ended December 31, 2013. The Amended Agreement expired December 31, 2013.

Sumitomo invested \$2,250,000 in exchange for 17,307,693 shares of restricted common shares priced at \$0.13 per share that was funded on June 21, 2012. Sumitomo also paid the Company an initial payment of \$1 million in accordance for an exclusive License Agreement for the Spectral Pattern Matching technology which covers Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea and the entirety of Southeast Asia (Burma, Indonesia, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, Singapore and the Philippines). A running royalty for the license granted under the License Agreement is expected to be negotiated at the completion of the Joint Development Agreement. The Sumitomo License fee was recorded as revenue over the life of the Joint Development Agreement and was fully recorded as of May 31, 2013.

Sumitomo is publicly traded in Japan and has operations in Japan, United States, China, United Kingdom, Canada and other parts of the world.

6. ACQUISITION OF TRANSTECH SYSTEMS, INC.

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, TransTech Systems, Inc., based in Aurora, Oregon, is a distributor of products, including systems solutions, components and consumables, for employee and government identification, document authentication, access control, and radio frequency identification. TransTech provides these products and services, along with marketing and business development assistance to a growing channel of value-added resellers and system integrators throughout North America.

TransTech provides its channel partners pre-and post-sales support in the industry. Technical Services covers training and installation support, in-warranty repair, out of warranty repair, and spares programs. Our customer service team provides full sales, configuration, and logistics services. An increasing number of manufacturers are turning to TransTech Systems for channel development and introduction of their products to our market space.

The Company closed the acquisition of TransTech on June 8, 2010. This acquisition is expected to accelerate market entry and penetration through well-operated and positioned dealers of security and authentication systems, thus creating a natural distribution channel for products featuring the company's proprietary ChromaID technology.

7. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE/CUSTOMER CONCENTRATION

Accounts receivable were \$900,272 and \$1,007,074, net of allowance, as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively. The Company had one customer (10.1%) in excess of 10% of our consolidated revenues for the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The Company had one customer (16.4%) with accounts receivable in excess of 10% as of June 30, 2014. The Company does expect to have customers with consolidated revenues or accounts receivable balances of 10% of total accounts receivable in the foreseeable future.

8. INVENTORIES

Inventories were \$523,603 and \$600,790 as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively. Inventories consist primarily of printers and consumable supplies, including ribbons and cards, badge accessories, capture devices, and access control components held for resale for TransTech and ChromaID scanning devices. There is a \$10,000 reserve for impaired inventory as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013.

9. FIXED ASSETS

Property and equipment as of June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

	Estimated Useful Lives	June 30, 2014		
		Purchased	Capital Leases	Total
Machinery and equipment	2-10 years	\$ 115,914	\$ 87,038	\$ 202,952
Leasehold improvements	5-20 years	603,612	-	603,612
Furniture and fixtures	3-10 years	77,039	101,260	178,299
Software and websites	3- 7 years	63,783	44,849	108,632
Less: accumulated depreciation		(476,656)	(224,686)	(701,342)
		<u>\$ 383,692</u>	<u>\$ 8,461</u>	<u>\$ 392,153</u>

Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation, were \$392,153 and \$427,215 as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively. Accumulated depreciation was \$701,342 and \$663,213 as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively. Total depreciation expense was \$26,681 and \$49,160 for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. All equipment is used for selling, general and administrative purposes and accordingly all depreciation is classified in selling, general and administrative expenses.

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	Estimated Useful Lives	June 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Customer contracts	5 years	\$ 983,645	\$ 983,645
Technology	5 years	712,500	712,500
Less: accumulated amortization		(1,179,685)	(925,263)
Intangible assets, net		<u>\$ 516,460</u>	<u>\$ 770,882</u>

Total amortization expense was \$254,442 for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The fair value of the TransTech intellectual property acquired was \$983,645, estimated by using a discounted cash flow approach based on future economic benefits associated with agreements with customers, or through expected continued business activities with its customers. In summary, the estimate was based on a projected income approach and related discounted cash flows over five years, with applicable risk factors assigned to assumptions in the forecasted results.

The fair value of the RATLab intellectual property associated with the assets acquired was \$450,000 estimated by using a discounted cash flow approach based on future economic benefits. In summary, the estimate was based on a projected income approach and related discounted cash flows over five years, with applicable risk factors assigned to assumptions in the forecasted results.

The fair value of the Javelin intellectual property acquired was \$262,500 estimated by using a discounted cash flow approach based on future economic benefits associated with the assets acquired. In summary, the estimate was based on a projected income approach and related discounted cash flows over five years, with applicable risk factors assigned to assumptions in the forecasted results.

11. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable were \$2,323,940 and \$2,301,149 as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively. Such liabilities consisted of amounts due to vendors for inventory purchases and technology development, external audit, legal and other expenses incurred by the Company. The Company had 2 vendors (27.0% and 16.4%) with accounts payable in excess of 10% of its accounts payable as of June 30, 2014. The Company does expect to have vendors with accounts payable balances of 10% of total accounts payable in the foreseeable future.

12. NOTES PAYABLE, CAPITALIZED LEASES AND LONG TERM DEBT

Notes payable, capitalized leases and long term debt as of June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
BFI Business Finance Secured Credit Facility	\$ 481,863	\$ 749,323
Note payable to Umpqua Bank	200,000	-
Note payable to J3E2A2Z LP - related party	300,000	-
TransTech capitalized leases, net of capitalized interest	3,265	5,700
Total debt	985,128	755,023
Less current portion of long term debt	(985,128)	(753,129)
Long term debt	\$ -	\$ 1,894

BFI Finance Corp Secured Credit Facility

The Company finances its TransTech operations from operations and a Secured Credit Facility with BFI Finance Corp. On December 9, 2008 TransTech Systems, Inc. entered into a \$1,000,000 secured credit facility with BFI Business Finance to fund its operations. On June 12, 2014, the secured credit facility was renewed for an additional six months, with a floor for prime interest of 4.5% (currently 4.5%) plus 2.5%. The eligible borrowing is based on 80% of eligible trade accounts receivable, not to exceed \$1,000,000. The secured credit facility is collateralized by the assets of TransTech, with a guarantee by Visualant, Inc., including all assets of Visualant. Visualant believes any default would be satisfied by the assets of TransTech. Availability under this Secured Credit ranges from \$0 to \$175,000 (\$80,589 as of June 30, 2014) on a daily basis. The remaining balance on the accounts receivable line (\$481,863) as of June 30, 2014 must be repaid by the time the secured credit facility expires on December 11, 2014, or the Company renews by automatic extension for the next successive six month term.

Note Payable to Umpqua Bank/ Ronald P. Erickson or J3E2A2Z LP

On December 19, 2013, the Company entered into a \$200,000 Note Payable with Umpqua Bank. The Note Payable has a maturity date of December 31, 2014 and provides for interest of 2.79%, subject to adjustment annually. The cash from the Note Payable was received on January 14, 2014. Related to this Note Payable and in the case of a default by the Company, the Company entered into a Demand Promissory Note on January 10, 2014 with Mr. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer and/or entities in which Mr. Erickson has a beneficial interest, for \$200,000. The Note provides for interest of 3% per annum and was due March 31, 2014. On March 31, 2014, the Company entered into an Amendment to the Demand Promissory Note dated January 10, 2014. The Amendment to the January 10, 2014 Note extended the due date of this from March 31, 2014 to June 30, 2014. On July 17, 2014, the Company entered into an Amendment 2 to the Demand Promissory Note dated January 10, 2014 and as Amended on March 31, 2014. The Amendment 2 to the Demand Promissory Note for \$200,000 extended the due date from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014. The Note provides for interest of 3% per annum and provides for a second lien on company assets if not repaid by September 30, 2014 or converted into convertible debentures or equity on terms acceptable to the Holder. The Company has accrued interest of \$2,827 as of June 30, 2014.

Note Payable to Ronald P. Erickson or J3E2A2Z LP

On March 31, 2014, the Company entered into a Demand Promissory Note with Mr. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer and/or entities in which Mr. Erickson has a beneficial interest, for \$300,000. The March 31, 2014 Note provides for interest of 3% per annum and was due June 30, 2014. On July 17, 2014, the Company entered into an Amendment to Demand Promissory Note. The Amendment to Demand Promissory Note for \$300,000 extended the due date of this from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014. The Note provides for interest of 3% per annum and provides for a second lien on company assets if not repaid by September 30, 2014 or converted into convertible debentures or equity on terms acceptable to the Holder. The Company has accrued interest of \$2,244 as of June 30, 2014.

Aggregate maturities for notes payable, capitalized leases and long term debt by year are as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	Total
2014	\$ 985,128
2015	-
2016	-
2017	-
2018	-
Total	<u>\$ 985,128</u>

13. EQUITY

Unless otherwise indicated, all of the following sales or issuances of Company securities were conducted under the exemption from registration as provided under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 (and also qualified for exemption under 4(5), formerly 4(6) of the Securities Act of 1933, except as noted below). All of the shares issued were issued in transactions not involving a public offering, are considered to be restricted stock as defined in Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933 and stock certificates issued with respect thereto bear legends to that effect.

The Company has compensated consultants and service providers with restricted common stock during the development of our technology and when our capital resources were not adequate to provide payment in cash.

All of the following transactions were to accredited investors.

The following equity issuances occurred during the nine months ended June 30, 2014:

On May 15, 2014, the Company issued 1,600,000 shares of common stock to White Oak Capital LLC related to a conversion under a 7% Convertible Debenture. The shares were valued at \$160,000 or \$0.10 per share.

On June 12, 2014, the Company issued 300,000 shares of common stock to Dynasty Wealth, Inc. related to Financial Public Relations Group dated June 9, 2014. The shares were valued at \$60,000 or \$0.20 per share.

The following warrant issuances occurred during the nine months ended June 30, 2014:

On November 11, 2013, the Company issued to IDMC a warrant to purchase up to 14,575,286 shares of common stock at twenty cents (\$0.20) per share pursuant to the Warrant to Purchase Common Stock. The Warrant expires November 10, 2018 and the per share price is subject to adjustment. During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recognized \$437,259 of other expense related to the IDMC warrant.

On April 2, 2014, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock to Thomas Furness, a supplier, at twenty cents (\$0.20) per share. The Warrant expires April 1, 2019.

On April 2, 2014, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock to Delacore LLC, a supplier, at twenty cents (\$0.20) per share. The Warrant expires April 1, 2017.

On April 2, 2014, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock to Delacore LLC, a supplier, at twenty cents (\$0.20) per share. The Warrant expires April 1, 2017.

On June 11, 2014, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock to Designsense Ltd, a supplier, at twenty cents (\$0.20) per share. The Warrant expires June 10, 2017.

On June 11, 2014, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock to Alan Tompkins, a supplier, at twenty cents (\$0.20) per share. The Warrant expires June 10, 2017.

On June 12, 2014, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 200,000 shares of common stock to Dynasty Wealth, Inc. related to Financial Public Relations Group dated June 9, 2014 at twenty cents (\$0.20) per share. The Warrant expires June 11, 2017.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, warrants totaling 1,677,050 shares of common shares at the average purchase price of \$0.309 per share expired.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company expensed \$57,150 related to warrants.

A summary of the warrants issued as of June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	June 30, 2014	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of period	113,507,050	\$ 0.307
Issued	16,725,286	0.200
Exercised	-	-
Forfeited	-	-
Expired	(1,677,050)	(0.309)
Outstanding at end of period	128,555,286	\$ 0.175
Exercisable at end of period	128,555,286	

A summary of the status of the warrants outstanding as of June 30, 2014 is presented below:

	June 30, 2014			
Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Remaining Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
6,330,000	3.39	\$ 0.10-013	6,330,000	\$ 0.10-013
52,300,000	3.88	0.150	52,300,000	0.150
69,925,286	3.96	0.200	69,925,286	0.200
<u>128,555,286</u>	<u>3.92</u>	<u>0.175</u>	<u>128,555,286</u>	<u>0.175</u>

The significant weighted average assumptions relating to the valuation of the Company's warrants for the period ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

<u>Assumptions</u>	
Dividend yield	0%
Expected life	3
Expected volatility	90%
Risk free interest rate	0.7%

There is no aggregate intrinsic value of the vested warrants as of June 30, 2014.

14. STOCK OPTIONS

Description of Stock Option Plan

On April 29, 2011, the 2011 Stock Incentive Plan was approved at the Annual Stockholder Meeting. The Company was authorized to issue options for, and has reserved for issuance, up to 7,000,000 shares of common stock under the 2011 Stock Incentive Plan. On March 21, 2013, an amendment to the Stock Option Plan was approved by the stockholders of the Company, increasing the number of shares reserved for issuance under the Plan to 14,000,000 shares.

Determining Fair Value under ASC 505

The Company records compensation expense associated with stock options and other equity-based compensation using the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model for estimating fair value of stock options granted under our plan. The Company amortizes the fair value of stock options on a ratable basis over the requisite service periods, which are generally the vesting periods. The expected life of awards granted represents the period of time that they are expected to be outstanding. The Company estimates the volatility of our common stock based on the historical volatility of its own common stock over the most recent period corresponding with the estimated expected life of the award. The Company bases the risk-free interest rate used in the Black Scholes-Merton option valuation model on the implied yield currently available on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with an equivalent remaining term equal to the expected life of the award. The Company has not paid any cash dividends on our common stock and does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Consequently, the Company uses an expected dividend yield of zero in the Black-Scholes-Merton option valuation model and adjusts share-based compensation for changes to the estimate of expected equity award forfeitures based on actual forfeiture experience. The effect of adjusting the forfeiture rate is recognized in the period the forfeiture estimate is changed.

Stock Option Activity

During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, two employees of TransTech, forfeited stock option grants for 30,000 shares of common stock at \$0.22 per share.

On April 2, 2014, the Company issued stock option grants to two employees totaling 395,000 shares at \$0.10 per share. The grants vest quarterly over three years and expire on April 1, 2019.

There are currently 13,100,000 options to purchase common stock at an average exercise price of \$0.125 per share outstanding at June 30, 2014 under the 2011 Stock Incentive Plan. The Company recorded \$66,715 and \$221,692 of compensation expense, net of related tax effects, relative to stock options for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 in accordance with ASC 505. Net loss per share (basic and diluted) associated with this expense was approximately (\$0.00).

Stock option activity for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	\$
Outstanding as of September 30, 2011	6,920,000	\$ 0.296	\$ 2,050,800
Granted	2,200,000	0.104	229,000
Exercised	-	-	-
Forfeitures	(3,200,000)	0.470	(1,503,000)
Outstanding as of September 30, 2012	5,920,000	0.131	776,800
Granted	6,830,000	0.122	836,000
Exercised	-	-	-
Forfeitures	(15,000)	0.240	(3,600)
Outstanding as of September 30, 2013	12,735,000	0.126	1,609,200
Granted	395,000	-	39,500
Exercised	-	-	-
Forfeitures	(30,000)	0.217	(6,500)
Outstanding as of June 30, 2014	<u>13,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 0.125</u>	<u>\$ 1,642,200</u>

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2014:

Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Life In Years	Weighted Average Exercise Price Exercisable	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price Exercisable
0.090	500,000	6.00 years	\$ 0.090	500,000	\$ 0.090
0.100	4,020,000	5.86 years	0.100	2,379,166	0.100
0.120	200,000	.25 years	0.120	166,666	0.120
0.130	5,100,000	4.72 years	0.130	4,333,332	0.130
0.150	3,100,000	5.90 years	0.150	3,100,000	0.150
0.240	180,000	1.13 years	0.240	180,000	0.240
	<u>13,100,000</u>	<u>5.23 years</u>	<u>\$ 0.125</u>	<u>10,659,164</u>	<u>\$ 0.134</u>

There is no aggregate intrinsic value of the exercisable options as of June 30, 2014.

15. OTHER SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Notes Payable to Ronald P. Erickson

See Note 12 and 17 for Notes Payable to Ronald P. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer Chief and/or entities in which Mr. Erickson has a beneficial interest. In addition, the Company recorded advances from Mr. Erickson of \$306,588 as of June 30, 2014 as accrued liabilities – related parties.

16. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no pending legal proceedings against the Company that are expected to have a material adverse effect on its cash flows, financial condition or results of operations.

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

Mr. Erickson, Mr. Scott and other named executive officers of Visualant do not have employment agreements.

LEASES

The Company is obligated under various non-cancelable operating leases for their various facilities and certain equipment.

Corporate Offices

The Company's executive office is located at 500 Union Street, Suite 420, Seattle, Washington, USA, 98101. On August 1, 2012, we entered into a lease which expires August 31, 2014. The monthly lease rate was \$1,944 for the year ending August 31, 2013 and \$2,028 for the year ending August 31, 2014. On June 14, 2013, the Company amended the lease and added Suite 450, increasing its monthly payment to \$3,978 through August 31, 2013, \$4,057 from September 1, 2013 to May 31, 2014 and \$4,140 from June 1, 2014 through August 31, 2014.

TransTech Facilities

TransTech is located at 12142 NE Sky Lane, Suite 130, Aurora, OR 97002. TransTech leases a total of approximately 9,750 square feet of office and warehouse space for its administrative offices, product inventory and shipping operations, at a monthly rental of \$4,292. The lease was extended from March 2011 for an additional five year term at a monthly rental of \$4,751. There are two additional five year renewals with a set accelerating increase of 10% per 5 year term.

The aggregate future minimum lease payments under operating leases, to the extent the leases have early cancellation options and excluding escalation charges, are as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	Total
2014	\$ 65,292
2015	38,008
2016	-
2017	-
2018	-
Beyond	-
Total	\$ 103,300

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluates subsequent events, for the purpose of adjustment or disclosure, up through the date the financial statements are available.

Subsequent to June 30, 2014, the following material transactions occurred:

On July 17, 2014, the Company entered into a Demand Promissory Note for \$300,000 with Mr. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer and/or entities in which Mr. Erickson has a beneficial interest. The July 17, 2014 Note provides for interest of 3% per annum and is due September 30, 2014. The Note provides for a second lien on company assets if not repaid by September 30, 2014 or converted into convertible debentures or equity on terms acceptable to the Holder. The Company has borrowed \$275,000 under this Note as of July 17, 2014.

On July 17, 2014, the Company entered into an Amendment to Demand Promissory Note dated March 31, 2014 with Mr. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer and/or entities in which Mr. Erickson has a beneficial interest. The Amendment to Demand Promissory Note for \$300,000 extended the due date of this from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014. The Note provides for interest of 3% per annum and provides for a second lien on company assets if not repaid by September 30, 2014 or converted into convertible debentures or equity on terms acceptable to the Holder.

On July 17, 2014, the Company entered into an Amendment 2 to the Demand Promissory Note dated January 10, 2014 and as Amended on March 31, 2014 with Mr. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer and/or entities in which Mr. Erickson has a beneficial interest. The Amendment 2 to the Demand Promissory Note for \$200,000 extended the due date from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014. The Note provides for interest of 3% per annum and provides for a second lien on company assets if not repaid by September 30, 2014 or converted into convertible debentures or equity on terms acceptable to the Holder.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-looking statements in this report reflect the good-faith judgment of our management and the statements are based on facts and factors as we currently know them. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties and actual results and outcomes may differ materially from the results and outcomes discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences in results and outcomes include, but are not limited to, those discussed below as well as those discussed elsewhere in this report (including in Part II, Item 1A (Risk Factors)). Readers are urged not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements because they speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements in order to reflect any event or circumstance that may arise after the date of this report.

The following summarizes our plans for our ChromaID™ technology. Based on our expenditures on this technology, the management effort and the Intellectual Venture relationship, we expect our ChromaID™ technology to provide the majority of net revenues in future years from product sales, licenses, royalties and other revenue streams as discussed in the Business section. TransTech currently provides the majority of our net revenues. There is no government regulation of our business at this time.

Our ChromaID™ Technology

We have invented a way to project light at a material (solid surface, liquid, or gas) and measure the amount of light that is reflected back. The pattern of this reflected light is compared to other patterns we have captured and this allows us to identify, detect, or diagnose materials that cannot be identified by the human eye. We refer to this pattern of reflected light as a ChromaID™. We design ChromaID scanning devices made with electronic, optical, and software parts to produce and capture the light.

Our first product, the ChromaID F12 Lab Kit, scans and identifies solid surfaces. We are marketing this product to customers who are considering licensing the technology. Target markets include, but are not limited to, plastic packing, semiconductors, pharmaceutical equipment manufacturers, medical waste, commercial paint manufacturers, process control companies, currency paper and ink manufacturers, security card, reader, and scanner manufacturers, food processing, and electronic gaming.

There is no current requirement for FDA or other government approval for the current applications of our ChromaID technology. Over time, as the Company explores the application of its ChromaID technology for medical diagnostics and other applications, the Company expects that there will be requirements for FDA and other government approvals before applications using the technology in medical and other regulated fields can enter the marketplace.

Our research and development expenses are as follows:

Nine months ended June 30, 2014- \$570,754
Year ended September 30, 2013- \$1,169,281
Year ended September 30, 2012- \$176,944

We employ two individuals and utilize contractors at other suppliers for our research and development.

Our Patents

On August 9, 2011, we were issued US Patent No. 7,996,173 B2 entitled "Method, Apparatus and Article to Facilitate Distributed Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy," by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires August 24, 2029.

On December 13, 2011, we were issued US Patent No. 8,076,630 B2 entitled "System and Method of Evaluating an Object Using Electromagnetic Energy" by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires November 7, 2028.

On December 20, 2011, we were issued US Patent No. 8,081,304 B2 entitled "Method, Apparatus and Article to Facilitate Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy" by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 28, 2030.

On October 9, 2012, we were issued US Patent No. 8,285,510 B2 entitled "Method, Apparatus, and Article to Facilitate Distributed Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy" by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 31, 2027.

On February 5, 2013, we were issued US Patent No. 8,368,878 B2 entitled "Method, Apparatus and Article To Facilitate Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 31, 2027.

On November 12, 2013, we were issued US Patent No. 8,583,394 B2 entitled "Method, Apparatus and Article To Facilitate Distributed Evaluation of Objects Using Electromagnetic Energy by the United States Office of Patents and Trademarks. The patent expires July 31, 2027.

We are pursuing an aggressive patent strategy to expand our unique intellectual property in the United States and Japan and other countries.

Services and License Agreement with Invention Development Management Company, L.L.C.

On November 11, 2013, we entered into a Services and License Agreement with Invention Development Management Company, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. IDMC is affiliated with Intellectual Ventures, which collaborates with inventors, partners with pioneering companies and invests both expertise and capital in the process of invention.

The Agreement requires IDMC to identify and engage investors to develop new applications of the Company's ChromaID™ development kits, present the developments to the Company for approval, and file at least ten (10) patent applications to protect the developments. IDMC is responsible for the development and patent costs. We provided the development kits to IDMC at no cost and are providing ongoing technical support. In addition, to provide time for this accelerated expansion of its intellectual property we delayed the selling of the ChromaID development kits for 140 days except for certain select accounts. We have continued our business development efforts during this period and have worked with IDMC and their global business development services to secure potential customers and licensees for its technology. We shipped twenty ChromaID F12 Lab Kits to inventors in the IDMC network during December 2013 and January 2014.

We received a worldwide, nontransferable, exclusive license to the licensed IP developed under this Agreement, during the term of the Agreement, and solely within the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use, to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer for sale products and services; (b) make improvements; and (c) grant sublicenses of any and all of the foregoing rights (including the right to grant further sublicenses).

We received a nonexclusive and nontransferable option to acquire a worldwide, nontransferable, nonexclusive license to the useful IP held by IDMC within the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer to sell products and services and (b) grant sublicenses to any and all of the foregoing rights. The option to acquire this license may be exercised for up to two years from the effective date of the Agreement.

IDMC is providing global business development services to the Company, including present Visualant IP and any licensed IP, if applicable, to potential customers, licensees, and distributors in markets or geographies not being pursued by Visualant. Also, IDMC has introduced Visualant to potential customers, licensees, or distributors for the purpose of identifying and closing a license, sale, or distribution deal or other monetization event.

We granted to IDMC a nonexclusive, worldwide, fully paid up, nontransferable, sublicenseable, perpetual license to the Visualant IP, solely outside the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer for sale products and services and (b) grant sublicenses of any and all of the foregoing rights (including the right to grant further sublicenses).

We granted to IDMC a nonexclusive, worldwide, fully paid up, royalty-free, nontransferable, nonsublicenseable, perpetual license to access and use Visualant Technology solely for the purpose of marketing the aforementioned sublicenses to the Visualant IP to third parties outside the designated fields of use.

We issued a warrant to purchase 14,575,286 shares of common stock as consideration for the exclusive IP license and application development services to IDMC signed on November 11, 2013. The warrant price of twenty cents (\$0.20) per share expires November 10, 2018 and the per share price is subject to adjustment.

We also agreed to pay IDMC a percentage of license revenue for the global development business services and a percentage of revenue received from any IDMC introduced company. We also agreed to pay IDMC a royalty when Visualant receives royalty product revenue from an IDMC introduced company.

IDMC agreed to pay us a license fee for the nonexclusive license of the Visualant IP.

The term of the exclusive IP license and the nonexclusive IP license commences on the effective date of November 11, 2013, and terminates when all claims of the patents expire or are held in valid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction from which no appeal can be taken.

The term of the Agreement commences on the effective date until either party terminates the Agreement at any time following the fifth anniversary of the effective date by providing at least ninety days' prior written notice to the other party.

Purchase Agreement with Special Situations and forty other Accredited Investors which closed June 14, 2013

On June 10, 2013, we entered into a Purchase Agreement, Warrants, and Registration Rights Agreement with Special Situations Technology Funds and forty other accredited investors, pursuant to which we issued 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.10 per share for a total of \$5,230,000, which amount includes the conversion of \$500,000 in outstanding debt of the Company owed to one of its officers. As part of the transaction, which closed on June 14, 2013, we issued to the investors (i) five year Series A Warrants to purchase a total of 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.15 per share; and (ii) five year Series B Warrants to purchase a total of 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.20 per share. In addition, GVC Capital LLC, the placement agent in that transaction, was issued five-year warrants to purchase a total of 5,230,000 shares of common stock at \$0.10 per share. The transaction was entered into to strengthen our balance sheet, complete the purchase of our TransTech subsidiary, and provide working capital to support the rapid movement of our ChromaID technology into the marketplace.

Agreements with Sumitomo Precision Products Co., Ltd.

On May 31, 2012, we entered into a Joint Research and Product Development Agreement with Sumitomo, a publicly-traded Japanese corporation, for the commercialization of our ChromaID™ technology. On March 29, 2013, we entered into an Amendment to Joint Research and Product Development Agreement or Amended Agreement with Sumitomo. The Amended Agreement extended the Joint Development Agreement from March 31, 2013 to December 31, 2013. The extension provided for continuing work between Sumitomo and Visualant focused upon advancing the ChromaID technology and market research aimed at identifying the most significant markets for the ChromaID technology. The current version of the technology, identified as Version 6D, was introduced to the marketplace as a part of our ChromaID F12 Lab Kit during the three months ended December 31, 2013. The Amended Agreement expired December 31, 2013.

Sumitomo invested \$2,250,000 in exchange for 17,307,693 shares of restricted common shares priced at \$0.13 per share that was funded on June 21, 2012. Sumitomo also paid the Company an initial payment of \$1 million in accordance for an exclusive License Agreement for the Spectral Pattern Matching technology which covers Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea and the entirety of Southeast Asia (Burma, Indonesia, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam, Singapore and the Philippines). A running royalty for the license granted under the License Agreement is expected to be negotiated at the completion of the Joint Development Agreement. The Sumitomo License fee was recorded as revenue over the life of the Joint Development Agreement and was fully recorded as of May 31, 2013.

Sumitomo is publicly traded in Japan and has operations in Japan, United States, China, United Kingdom, Canada and other parts of the world.

KEY MARKET PRIORITIES

Our Developing Markets and Customers.

Our plan is to develop markets and customers who have a need to identify, detect, or diagnose flat surface materials which include, but are not limited to, commercial paint manufacturers, pharmaceutical equipment manufacturers, process control companies, currency paper and ink manufacturers, security card, reader, and scanner manufacturers, food processing, and electronic gaming.

Future market opportunities might include identification, detection, or diagnosis of:

- Powders for law enforcement applications,
- Drugs and drug container seals for protection against contamination and counterfeiting for pharmaceutical applications.
- Fruit and vegetable ripeness for agriculture applications,
- Noninvasive skin analysis for discovery of certain diseases or conditions for medical applications.

Our Commercialization Plans for our ChromaID Technology.

We started shipping our first ChromaID product, the ChromaID F12 Lab Kit, during the last calendar quarter of 2013, after we complete final assembly and testing. This Lab Kit will include the following:

- ChromaID F12 Scanner. A small device made with electronic, optical, and software parts, which shines light onto a flat material and measures the amount of light that is reflected back. The device is the size of a flashlight (5.5" long and 1.25" diameter).
- ChromaID Lab Software. A software application that runs on a Windows Personal Computer. This software configures and controls the ChromaID F12 Scanner, displays the captured ChromaID Profile, and compares it to known ChromaID Profiles.

The ChromaID F12 Scanner allows customers to evaluate the technology and determine if it is appropriate for their application. The main electronic and optical parts of the ChromaID scanner could be supplied to customers to put in their own products, these parts are called the 'Scanhead'. A set of ChromaID Developer Tools are also available, which allows customers to develop their own products based on the ChromaID technology.

The ChromaID profile must be stored, managed, and readily accessible. The database can be owned and operated by the end customer, but in the case of thousands of ChromaID profiles database management may be outsourced to Visualant or a third party provider. These database services can be made available on a per-access transaction basis or on a monthly or annual subscription basis. The actual storage location of the database can be cloud-based or local depending on the requirements of access, size of the database and security as defined by the customer. As a result, large databases can be accessed by cell phone or other mobile technologies.

Based on the commercialization plans outlined above, revenue can be derived from several sources:

- Sale of the ChromaID F12 Lab Kit and ChromaID Developer Tools.
- Licensing of the ChromaID technology,
- Sales of the Scanhead and associated licensing and royalties.
- ChromaID database administration and management services.

Our Acceleration of Business Development in the United States and Japan.

We are coordinating the sales and marketing efforts of both Visualant and Sumitomo to leverage market data and information in order to focus on specific target vertical markets which have the greatest potential for early adoption. The ChromaID F12 Lab Kit provides a means for us to demonstrate the technology to customers in these markets.

Development of License, Royalty and Other Opportunities

Our plan is to develop license and royalty producing opportunities and partners, including major companies in the US, Europe and Asia. We expect to develop our patent portfolio by continually extending the reach and application of our intellectual property.

Our first major license was signed May 31, 2012 with Sumitomo. Our Business Development team is pursuing other license opportunities with customers in our target markets.

Products

TransTech products are as follows:

ID Systems & Components: Provision of ID personalization systems to the security industry. These systems include components such as ID cards, printers, software, supplies, data collection devices, document scanners, photo capture products, document authentication devices, and signature capture products.

Logical and Physical Access Control: Logical access readers used for logging onto computer networks and VPNs, physical access control readers used to gain access into buildings or secure areas, software such as visitor management & temporary card solutions, and additional applications outside of security.

Radio Frequency Identification and Tracking: These products include RF scanner, readers, cards, tags, labels, tracking software, and even video surveillance cameras to tie video clips of the asset or article movement to the personnel using them or to record other events surrounding asset and article movement.

Kiosk printers for the self service industry – The self service industry is expanding from ATM's and grocery store check-out lines to fully integrated systems for paying bills, depositing cash or checks, and using financial services. TransTech provides Kiosk card printers. The mechanical functions of the printers are the same as a standard desktop card printer, but typically do not have the fancy housing and may come with much higher volume feeder capacities.

Markets

Regions: Revenues are derived from over 400 resellers and national accounts in the United States.

Route to Market: TransTech's focus is on its reseller channel. Approximately 90% of sales are through the reseller channel and government prime vendors. The remaining approximately 10% is direct to end users.

Distribution Network Development: TransTech is exploring a closer position with its direct channel for tighter market feedback, insurance against manufacturer's policies, and for financial benefits. This exploration includes partnering, LLCs, Joint Ventures, and potential acquisitions.

Applications and Verticals: The primary use of TransTech products is for security applications. These fit within many verticals, including but not limited to, commercial industries, manufacturing, distribution, transportation, government, health care, education, entertainment. In recent years there has been growth into several non-security applications such as gaming/player's cards, loyalty cards, gift cards, direct marketing, certifications, amusement, payment, and guest cards.

Key Partners

Customers: We currently do not have any customer concentrations where one customer exceeds 10% of net revenues on an annual basis.

Suppliers: Evolis, Fargo, Magicard and NiSCA, are major vendors whose products account for approximately 70% of TransTech's revenue. TransTech buys, packages and distributes products from these vendors after issuing purchase orders. Our products do not have any limit on availability, subject to proper payment of outstanding invoices.

THE COMPANY'S COMMON STOCK

Our common stock trades on the OTCQB Exchange under the symbol "VSUL."

PRIMARY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

We are exposed to various risks related to our need for additional financing, the sale of significant numbers of our shares, the potential adjustment in the exercise price of our warrants and a volatile market price for our common stock. These risks and uncertainties are discussed in more detail below in Part II, Item 1A.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents certain consolidated statement of operations information and presentation of that data as a percentage of change from period-to-period.

(dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2014	2013	\$ Variance	% Variance
Revenue	\$ 2,021	\$ 2,060	\$ (39)	-1.9%
Cost of sales	1,710	1,642	68	-4.1%
Gross profit	311	418	(107)	-25.6%
Research and development expenses	166	341	(175)	51.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	781	1,018	(237)	23.3%
Operating loss	(636)	(941)	305	32.4%
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(27)	(38)	11	28.9%
Other income	9	5	4	80.0%
Gain (loss) on change - derivative liability warrants	1,997	(1,449)	3,446	237.8%
Total other income (expense)	1,979	(1,482)	3,461	233.5%
Income (loss) before income taxes	1,343	(2,423)	3,766	155.4%
Income taxes - current benefit	3	(14)	17	121.4%
Net income (loss)	1,340	(2,409)	3,749	155.6%
Non-controlling interest	3	(6)	9	150.0%
Net income (loss) attributable to Visualant, Inc. common shareholders	\$ 1,337	\$ (2,403)	\$ 3,740	155.6%

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 COMPARED TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

SALES

Net revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2014 decreased \$39,000 to \$2,021,000 as compared to \$2,060,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease was due to increased sales of \$128,000 at TransTech, offset by a reduction of \$167,000 at Visualant in license revenue from Sumitomo. Sumitomo paid the Company an initial payment of \$1 million under a License Agreement dated May 31, 2012 providing Sumitomo with an exclusive license of our technology in identified Asian territories. This license revenue was fully recognized by May 31, 2013. The TransTech increase primarily resulted from the release of new products, including radio frequency and asset tracking and kiosk printer products and sales to an aerospace company.

COST OF SALES

Cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2014 increased \$68,000 to \$1,710,000 as compared to \$1,642,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013. The increase was due to increased sales and product mix at TransTech.

Gross margin was \$311,000 from TransTech as compared to \$418,000 for the three months June 30, 2013. The gross margin was 15.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to 20.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease relates to the reduction in Sumitomo license revenue, offset by an increase in TransTech gross margin from 13.3% to 15.4% related to the release of new products, including radio frequency and asset tracking and kiosk printer products.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

Research and development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 decreased \$175,000 to \$166,000 as compared to \$341,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease was due to reduced expenditures for suppliers related to the commercialization of Visualant's ChromaID technology as result of the Services and License Agreement with IDMC.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 decreased \$237,000 to \$781,000 as compared to \$1,018,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease was due to reduced legal expenses of (\$176,000), reduced expenses at TransTech (\$64,000), and an increase in other general expenses (\$3,000). The reduction in legal expenses related to reduced expenses. The decrease in TransTech expenses related to the departure of James Gingo at TransTech. As part of the selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014, we incurred investor relation expenses of \$14,000 and business development expenses of \$93,000.

OTHER INCOME/EXPENSE

Other income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$1,997,000 as compared to other expense of \$1,482,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013. The income and expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 included \$27,000 for interest expense, offset by gain on change – derivative liability warrants of \$1,997,000 and other income of \$9,000. The gain on change-derivative liability warrants is the non-cash change in the fair value and relates to derivative instruments included in the June 2013 Private Placement and the November 2013 IDMC Services and License Agreement.

The other expense for the three months ended June 30, 2013 included interest expense of \$38,000 and loss on change – derivative liability warrants of \$1,449,000, offset by other income of \$5,000. The loss on change- derivative liability warrants is the non-cash change in the fair value and relates to derivative instruments included in the June 2013 Private Placement.

NET INCOME (LOSS)

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$1,340,000 as compared to a net loss of \$2,409,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013 for the reasons discussed above. The net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2014 included non-cash income of \$1,607,000, including (i) depreciation and amortization of \$93,000; and (ii) stock based compensation share and warrant issuances of \$298,000; offset by (iii) gain on change- derivative liability warrants of (\$1,997,000); and (iv) other income of \$1,000. TransTech net loss from operations was \$36,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to a net loss of \$163,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013.

The net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2013 included non-cash expenses of \$1,624,000 consisting of (i) depreciation and amortization of \$100,000; (ii) issuance of shares for services and stock based compensation of \$46,000; (iv) loss on change- derivative liability warrants of \$1,449,000; and (v) other expenses of \$29,000.

We expect losses to continue as we commercialize our ChromaID™ technology.

The following table presents certain consolidated statement of operations information and presentation of that data as a percentage of change from period-to-period.

(dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,			
	2014	2013	\$ Variance	% Variance
Revenue	\$ 5,923	\$ 6,334	\$ (411)	-6.5%
Cost of sales	4,965	4,807	158	-3.3%
Gross profit	958	1,527	(569)	-37.3%
Research and development expenses	571	720	(149)	20.7%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,377	3,572	(1,195)	33.5%
Operating loss	(1,990)	(2,765)	775	28.0%
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(68)	(154)	86	55.8%
Other income	22	25	(3)	-12.0%
Gain (loss) on change - derivative liability warrants	818	(1,449)	2,267	156.5%
Loss on purchase of warrants and additional investment rights	-	(1,150)	1,150	100.0%
Total other income (expense)	772	(2,728)	3,500	128.3%
Loss before income taxes	(1,218)	(5,493)	4,275	77.8%
Income taxes - current benefit	(3)	(30)	27	90.0%
Net loss	(1,215)	(5,463)	4,248	77.8%
Non-controlling interest	24	(15)	39	260.0%
Net loss attributable to Visualant, Inc. common shareholders	\$ (1,239)	\$ (5,448)	\$ 4,209	77.3%

NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 COMPARED TO THE NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

SALES

Net revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 decreased \$411,000 to \$5,923,000 as compared to \$6,334,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease was due to increased sales of \$253,000 at TransTech and \$3,000 at Visualant related to the first shipments of our ChromaID product, offset by a reduction of \$667,000 in license revenue from Sumitomo. Sumitomo paid the Company an initial payment of \$1 million under a License Agreement dated May 31, 2012 providing Sumitomo with an exclusive license of our technology in identified Asian territories. This license revenue was fully recognized by May 31, 2013. The TransTech increase primarily resulted from the release of new products, including radio frequency and asset tracking and kiosk printer products and sales to an aerospace company.

COST OF SALES

Cost of sales for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 increased \$158,000 to \$4,965,000 as compared to \$4,807,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The increase was due to increased sales and product mix at TransTech.

Gross margin was \$1,000 for our revenue and \$957,000 from TransTech for a total of \$958,000 as compared to \$1,527,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The gross margin was 16.2% for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to 24.1% for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease relates to the reduction in Sumitomo license revenue, offset by an increase in TransTech gross margin from 15.2% to 16.2% related to the release of new products, including radio frequency and asset tracking and kiosk printer products.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

Research and development expenses for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 decreased \$149,000 to \$571,000 as compared to \$720,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease was due to reduced expenditures for suppliers related to the commercialization of Visualant's ChromaID technology as result of the Services and License Agreement with IDMC.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 decreased \$1,195,000 to \$2,377,000 as compared to \$3,572,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease was due to reduced business development expenses (\$168,000), reduced stock based compensation of (\$361,000), reduced legal expenses of (\$317,000), reduced expenses at TransTech (\$280,000), and an increase in other general expenses (\$69,000). The reduction in business development, stock based compensation and legal expenses related to reduced expenses. The decrease in TransTech expenses related to the departure of James Gingo at TransTech. As part of the selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014, we incurred investor relation expenses of \$81,000 and business development expenses of \$129,000.

OTHER INCOME/EXPENSE

Other income for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$772,000 as compared to other expense of \$2,728,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The expenses for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 included \$68,000 for interest expense, offset by gain on change – derivative liability warrants of \$818,000, offset other income of \$22,000. The gain on change- derivative liability warrants relates to derivative instruments included in the June 2013 Private Placement and the November 2013 IDMC Services and License Agreement.

The other expense for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 included (i) \$1,150,000 loss on the purchase of warrants and additional investment right; (ii) \$154,000 for interest expense; (iii) loss on change – derivative liability warrants of \$1,449,000; and offset (iv) by \$25,000 in other income. On January 30, 2013, we entered into agreements with Gemini Master Fund, Ltd. and Ascendant Capital Partners, LLC where we acquired certain warrant and additional investment rights related to Convertible Notes Payable dated May 19, 2011. The loss on change- derivative liability warrants relates to derivative instruments included in the June 2013 Private Placement.

NET LOSS

Net loss for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$1,215,000 as compared to a net loss of \$5,463,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 for the reasons discussed above. The net loss for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 non-cash expenses of \$188,000, including (i) depreciation and amortization of \$289,000; (ii) stock based compensation share and warrant issuances of \$343,000; (iii) gain on change- derivative liability warrants of (\$818,000); and (iv) other of (\$2,000). TransTech net loss from operations was \$31,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 as compared to a net loss of \$350,000 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013.

The net loss for the nine months ended June 30, 2013 included non-cash expenses of \$3,264,000 consisting of (i) depreciation and amortization of \$303,000; (ii) issuance of shares for services and stock based compensation of \$643,000; (iii) loss on purchase of warrants and additional investment right of \$850,000; (iv) loss on change – derivative liability warrants of \$1,448,000; and (v) other expenses of \$20,000.

We expect losses to continue as we commercialize our ChromaID™ technology.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We had cash of \$79,000 and net working capital deficit of approximately \$2,162,000 (excluding the derivative liability- warrants of \$3,366,000) as of June 30, 2014. We expect losses to continue as we commercialize our ChromaID™ technology. Our cash used in operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$(902,000).

We will need to obtain additional financing in the future. There can be no assurance that we will be able to secure funding, or that if such funding is available, the terms or conditions would be acceptable to us. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we may need to restructure our operations, and divest all or a portion of our business.

As part of the transaction with accredited investors which closed June 14, 2013, the Company issued to the investors Series A Warrants for the purchase of 52,300,00 common shares at \$0.15 per share and Series B Warrants for the purchase of 52,300,000 common shares at \$0.20 per share. In addition, we issued a warrant to IDMC for the purchase of 14,575,286 common shares at \$0.20 per share. If fully exercised, the warrants would provide the following liquidity (before fees) to fund the Company's operations:

Series A Warrants - up to \$7,845,000 and
Series B Warrants - up to \$10,460,000.
IDMC Warrant – up to \$2,915,000.

We expect to consider other funding options if the warrants are not exercised or if we experience any delays in the commercialization of our ChromaID™ technology.

We have financed our corporate operations and our technology development through the issuance of convertible debentures, the sale common stock, issuance of common stock in conjunction with an equity line of credit, and loans by our Chief Executive Officer.

We finance our TransTech operations from operations and a Secured Credit Facility with BFI Finance Corp. On December 9, 2008 TransTech Systems, Inc. entered into a \$1,000,000 secured credit facility with BFI Business Finance to fund its operations. On June 12, 2014, the secured credit facility was renewed for an additional six months, with a floor for prime interest of 4.5% (currently 4.5%) plus 2.5%. The eligible borrowing is based on 80% of eligible trade accounts receivable, not to exceed \$1,000,000. The secured credit facility is collateralized by the assets of TransTech with a guarantee by Visualant, including all assets of Visualant. Visualant believes any default would be satisfied by the assets of TransTech. Availability under this Secured Credit ranges from \$0 to \$175,000 (\$80,589 as of June 30, 2014) on a daily basis. The remaining balance on the accounts receivable line (\$481,863) as of June 30, 2014 must be repaid by the time the secured credit facility expires on December 11, 2014, or the Company renews by automatic extension for the next successive six month term.

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$902,000. This amount was primarily related to a net loss of \$1,215,000, non-cash expenses of \$188,000, including (i) depreciation and amortization of \$289,000; (ii) stock based compensation share and warrant issuances of \$343,000; (iii) gain on change- derivative liability warrants of (\$818,000); and (iv) other of (\$2,000), offset by a reduction in account receivable of \$107,000, a reduction in inventory of \$77,000 and an increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$296,000. The gain on change- derivative liability warrants relates to derivative instruments included in the June 2013 Private Placement and the November 2013 IDMC Services and License Agreement.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by investing activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$3,000. This amount was primarily related to proceeds from the sale of equipment of \$3,000.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$230,000. This amount was primarily related to proceeds from notes payable- related party of \$500,000, offset by repayment of debt of \$267,000. Ronald P. Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer, or entities affiliated with Mr. Erickson provided or guaranteed \$500,000 related to Notes Payable during the nine months ended June 30, 2014.

Our contractual cash obligations as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the table below:

Contractual Cash Obligations	Total	Less Than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	Greater Than 5 Years
Operating leases	\$ 103,300	\$ 65,292	\$ 38,008	\$ 0	\$ 0
Notes payable	985,128	985,128	-	-	-
Capital expenditures	375,000	75,000	150,000	150,000	-
	<u>\$ 1,463,428</u>	<u>\$ 1,125,420</u>	<u>\$ 188,008</u>	<u>\$ 150,000</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

This item is not applicable.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We conducted an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. The term “disclosure controls and procedures,” as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (“Exchange Act”), means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures also include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive and principal financial officers concluded as of June 30, 2014 that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level due to the material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting discussed immediately below.

Identified Material Weakness

A material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected.

Management identified the following material weakness during its assessment of internal controls over financial reporting:

Audit Committee: While we have an audit committee, we lack a financial expert. During 2014, the Board expects to appoint an additional independent Director to serve as Audit Committee Chairman who is an “audit committee financial expert” as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and as adopted under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. In addition, this Director is expected to strengthen our governance processes. We are using external service providers to ensure compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission requirements until we appoint the Audit Committee Chairman.

b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended June 30, 2014, there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during this fiscal quarter that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to have a materially affect, on our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There are certain inherent risks which will have an effect on the Company's development in the future and the most significant risks and uncertainties known and identified by our management are described below.

WE NEED ADDITIONAL FINANCING TO SUPPORT OUR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND ONGOING OPERATIONS AND PAY OUR DEBTS.

We need additional financing to implement our business plan and to service our ongoing operations and pay our current debts. There can be no assurance that we will be able to secure any needed funding, or that if such funding is available, the terms or conditions would be acceptable to us. If we are unable to obtain additional financing when it is needed, we will need to restructure our operations, and divest all or a portion of our business.

Although we secured financing in June 2013 as a result of its private placement with Special Situations Fund and other investors, the funds received by us in that transaction did not cover all debts. On July 17, 2014, we entered the following transactions with Ronald Erickson, our Chief Executive Officer and/or entities in which Mr. Erickson has a beneficial interest; (i) a Demand Promissory Note for \$300,000; (ii) an Amendment to Demand Promissory Note dated March 31, 2014 for \$300,000; and (iii) Amendment 2 to the Demand Promissory Note dated January 10, 2014 and as Amended on March 31, 2014 for \$200,000 extended the due date from June 30, 2014 to September 30, 2014. The Notes provide for a due date of September 30, 2014, interest of 3% per annum and a second lien on company assets if the notes are not repaid by September 30, 2014 or converted into convertible debentures or equity on terms acceptable to the Holder. In addition, Mr. Erickson has unreimbursed expenses totaling \$98,000.

We will need additional financing. If we raise additional capital through borrowing or other debt financing, we may incur substantial interest expense. Sales of additional equity securities will dilute on a pro rata basis the percentage ownership of all holders of common stock. When we raise more equity capital in the future, it will result in substantial dilution to our current stockholders.

THE SALE OF A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF OUR SHARES OF COMMON STOCK COULD DEPRESS THE PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

Sales or issuances of a large number of shares of common stock in the public market or the perception that sales may occur could cause the market price of our common stock to decline. As of August 14, 2014, there were approximately 167.2 million shares of our common stock issued and outstanding, stock options grants for the purchase of 13.1 million common shares at a \$0.125 average strike price and warrants for the purchase of 126.6 million common shares at a \$0.175 average exercise price. The Company may be obligated to issue up to 5.2 million additional placement agent warrants which have the potential to add additional shares to the total number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

Significant shares of common stock are held by our principal shareholders, other Company insiders and other large shareholders. As affiliates as defined under Rule 144 of the Securities Act or Rule 144 of the Company, our principal shareholders, other Company insiders and other large shareholders may only sell their shares of common stock in the public market pursuant to an effective registration statement or in compliance with Rule 144.

Some of the present shareholders have acquired shares at prices as low as \$0.001 per share, whereas other shareholders have purchased their shares at prices ranging from \$0.05 to \$0.75 per share.

These options and warrants could result in further dilution to common stock holders and may affect the market price of the common stock.

OUR PRIVATE PLACEMENT WHICH CLOSED JUNE 14, 2013 AND THE IDMC WARRANT MAY REQUIRE ADJUSTMENT IN THE EXERCISE PRICE OF THE WARRANTS ISSUED

The warrants issued in connection with the recent transaction with Special Situations (Series A Warrants to purchase a total of 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.15 per share, and Series B Warrants to purchase a total of 52,300,000 shares of common stock at \$0.20 per share and the IDMC warrant for 14.5 million shares of common stock at \$0.20 per share) may require an adjustment in the exercise price of the warrants if we issue common stock, warrants or equity below the price that is reflected in the warrants. Although the Company has no present intention of issuing any additional shares of common stock, warrants or other equity securities at a price below the exercise price of the Series A and Series B Warrants, if it should do so, it would result in a reduction in the exercise price of the Series A and Series B Warrants. Upon exercise of these Warrants, the Company would receive substantially less capital to fund the Company's operations. This adjustment also could affect the market price of the common stock.

WE MAY ENGAGE IN ACQUISITIONS, MERGERS, STRATEGIC ALLIANCES, JOINT VENTURES AND DIVESTITURES THAT COULD RESULT IN FINANCIAL RESULTS THAT ARE DIFFERENT THAN EXPECTED.

In the normal course of business, we engage in discussions relating to possible acquisitions, equity investments, mergers, strategic alliances, joint ventures and divestitures. Such transactions are accompanied by a number of risks, including:

- Use of significant amounts of cash;
- Potentially dilutive issuances of equity securities on potentially unfavorable terms;
- Incurrence of debt on potentially unfavorable terms as well as impairment expenses related to goodwill and amortization expenses related to other intangible assets; and
- The possibility that we may pay too much cash or issue too many of our shares as the purchase price for an acquisition relative to the economic benefits that we ultimately derive from such acquisition.

The process of integrating any acquisition may create unforeseen operating difficulties and expenditures. The areas where we may face difficulties include:

- Diversion of management time, during the period of negotiation through closing and after closing, from its focus on operating the businesses to issues of integration;
- Decline in employee morale and retention issues resulting from changes in compensation, reporting relationships, future prospects or the direction of the business;
- The need to integrate each Company's accounting, management information, human resource and other administrative systems to permit effective management, and the lack of control if such integration is delayed or not implemented;
- The need to implement controls, procedures and policies appropriate for a public Company that may not have been in place in private companies, prior to acquisition;
- The need to incorporate acquired technology, content or rights into our products and any expenses related to such integration; and
- The need to successfully develop any acquired in-process technology to realize any value capitalized as intangible assets.

From time to time, we have also engaged in discussions with candidates regarding the potential acquisitions of our product lines, technologies and businesses. If a divestiture such as this does occur, we cannot be certain that our business, operating results and financial condition will not be materially and adversely affected. A successful divestiture depends on various factors, including our ability to:

- Effectively transfer liabilities, contracts, facilities and employees to any purchaser;
- Identify and separate the intellectual property to be divested from the intellectual property that we wish to retain;
- Reduce fixed costs previously associated with the divested assets or business; and
- Collect the proceeds from any divestitures.

In addition, if customers of the divested business do not receive the same level of service from the new owners, this may adversely affect our other businesses to the extent that these customers also purchase other products offered by us. All of these efforts require varying levels of management resources, which may divert our attention from other business operations.

If we do not realize the expected benefits or synergies of any divestiture transaction, our consolidated financial position, results of operations, cash flows and stock price could be negatively impacted.

WE MAY INCUR LOSSES IN THE FUTURE.

We have experienced net losses since inception. As of June 30, 2014, we had an accumulated deficit of \$21.8 million. There can be no assurance that we will achieve or maintain profitability.

THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK HAS BEEN AND MAY CONTINUE TO BE VOLATILE.

The market price of our common stock has been and is likely in the future to be volatile. Our common stock price may fluctuate in response to factors such as:

- Announcements by us regarding liquidity, significant acquisitions, equity investments and divestitures, strategic relationships, addition or loss of significant customers and contracts, capital expenditure commitments and litigation;
- Issuance of convertible or equity securities and related warrants for general or merger and acquisition purposes;
- Issuance or repayment of debt, accounts payable or convertible debt for general or merger and acquisition purposes;
- Sale of a significant number of shares of our common stock by shareholders;
- General market and economic conditions;
- Quarterly variations in our operating results;
- Investor and public relation activities;
- Announcements of technological innovations;
- New product introductions by us or our competitors;
- Competitive activities; and
- Additions or departures of key personnel.

These broad market and industry factors may have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock, regardless of our actual operating performance. These factors could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

TRADING IN THE COMPANY'S STOCK MAY BE RESTRICTED IN THE FUTURE BY THE SEC'S PENNY STOCK REGULATIONS.

Although our stock currently does not meet the definition of a "penny stock" due to an increase in our revenues for past two years, in the recent past our stock was categorized as a penny stock and it is possible that our stock may become a penny stock again in the future. The SEC has adopted Rule 15c-9 which generally defines "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price (as defined) less than US\$ 5.00 per share or an exercise price of less than US\$ 5.00 per share, subject to certain exclusions (e.g., net tangible assets in excess of \$2,000,000 or average revenue of at least \$6,000,000 for the last three years). If our securities were to become a penny stock in the future, they would be covered by the penny stock rules, which impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell to persons other than established customers and accredited investors. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from the rules, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document in a form prepared by the SEC which provides information about penny stocks and the nature and level of risks in the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must provide the customer with current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction, and monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account. The bid and offer quotations, and the broker-dealer and salesperson compensation information, must be given to the customer orally or in writing prior to effecting the transaction and must be given to the customer in writing before or with the customer's confirmation. In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from these rules, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction. Finally, broker-dealers may not handle penny stocks under \$0.10 per share.

These disclosure requirements reduce the level of trading activity in the secondary market for the stock that is subject to these penny stock rules. Consequently, these penny stock rules would affect the ability of broker-dealers to trade our securities if we become subject to them in the future. The penny stock rules also could discourage investor interest in and limit the marketability of our common stock to future investors, resulting in limited ability for investors to sell their shares.

FINRA SALES PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS MAY ALSO LIMIT A SHAREHOLDER'S ABILITY TO BUY AND SALE OUR STOCK.

In addition to the "penny stock" rules described above, FINRA has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA believes that there is a high probability that speculative low priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The FINRA requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our common stock, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our stock and have an adverse effect on the market for our shares.

TRANSFERS OF OUR SECURITIES MAY BE RESTRICTED BY VIRTUE OF STATE SECURITIES "BLUE SKY" LAWS WHICH PROHIBIT TRADING ABSENT COMPLIANCE WITH INDIVIDUAL STATE LAWS. THESE RESTRICTIONS MAY MAKE IT DIFFICULT OR IMPOSSIBLE TO SELL SHARES IN THOSE STATES.

Transfers of our common stock may be restricted under the securities or securities regulations laws promulgated by various states and foreign jurisdictions, commonly referred to as "blue sky" laws. Absent compliance with such individual state laws, our common stock may not be traded in such jurisdictions. Because the securities held by many of our stockholders have not been registered for resale under the blue sky laws of any state, the holders of such shares and persons who desire to purchase them should be aware that there may be significant state blue sky law restrictions upon the ability of investors to sell the securities and of purchasers to purchase the securities. These restrictions may prohibit the secondary trading of our common stock. Investors should consider the secondary market for our securities to be a limited one.

WE ARE DEPENDENT ON KEY PERSONNEL.

Our success depends to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of key management and other personnel, some of whom could be difficult to replace. We do not maintain key man life insurance covering certain of our officers. Our success will depend on the performance of our officers, our ability to retain and motivate our officers, our ability to integrate new officers into our operations, and the ability of all personnel to work together effectively as a team. Our officers do not have employment agreements. Our failure to retain and recruit officers and other key personnel could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

WE HAVE LIMITED INSURANCE.

We have limited directors' and officers' liability insurance and commercial liability insurance policies. Any significant claims would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

OUR SERVICES AND LICENSE AGREEMENT WITH INVENTION DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY, LLC IS IMPORTANT TO OUR OPERATIONS

On November 11, 2013, we entered into a Services and License Agreement with Invention Development Management Company, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. IDMC is affiliated with Intellectual Ventures, which collaborates with inventors, partners with pioneering companies and invests both expertise and capital in the process of invention.

The Agreement requires IDMC to identify and engage investors to develop new applications of the Company's ChromaID™ development kits, present the developments to the Company for approval, and file at least ten (10) patent applications to protect the developments. IDMC is responsible for the development and patent costs. We provided the development kits to IDMC at no cost and are providing ongoing technical support. In addition, to provide time for this accelerated expansion of its intellectual property we delayed the selling of the ChromaID development kits for 140 days except for certain select accounts. We continued our business development efforts during this period and have worked with IDMC and their global business development services to secure potential customers and licensees for its technology. We shipped twenty ChromaID F12 Lab Kits to inventors in the IDMC network during December 2013 and January 2014.

We received a worldwide, nontransferable, exclusive license to the licensed IP developed under this Agreement, during the term of the Agreement, and solely within the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use, to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer for sale products and services; (b) make improvements; and (c) grant sublicenses of any and all of the foregoing rights (including the right to grant further sublicenses).

We received a nonexclusive and nontransferable option to acquire a worldwide, nontransferable, nonexclusive license to the useful IP held by IDMC within the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer to sell products and services and (b) grant sublicenses to any and all of the foregoing rights. The option to acquire this license may be exercised for up to two years from the effective date of the Agreement.

IDMC is providing global business development services to the Company, including present Visualant IP and any licensed IP, if applicable, to potential customers, licensees, and distributors in markets or geographies not being pursued by Visualant. Also, IDMC introduced Visualant potential customers, licensees, or distributors for the purpose of identifying and closing a license, sale, or distribution deal or other monetization event.

We granted to IDMC a nonexclusive, worldwide, fully paid up, nontransferable, sublicenseable, perpetual license to the Visualant IP, solely outside the identification, authentication and diagnostics field of use to (a) make, have made, use, import, sell and offer for sale products and services and (b) grant sublicenses of any and all of the foregoing rights (including the right to grant further sublicenses).

We granted to IDMC a nonexclusive, worldwide, fully paid up, royalty-free, nontransferable, nonsublicenseable, perpetual license to access and use Visualant Technology solely for the purpose of marketing the aforementioned sublicenses to the Visualant IP to third parties outside the designated fields of use.

We issued a warrant to purchase 14,575,286 shares of common stock as consideration for the exclusive IP license and application development services to IDMC signed on November 11, 2013. The warrant price of twenty cents (\$0.20) per share expires November 10, 2018 and the per share price is subject to adjustment.

We also agreed to pay IDMC a percentage of license revenue for the global development business services and a percentage of revenue received from any IDMC introduced company. We also agreed to pay IDMC a royalty when Visualant receives royalty product revenue from an IDMC introduced company.

IDMC has agreed to pay us a license fee for the nonexclusive license of the Visualant IP.

The term of the exclusive IP license and the nonexclusive IP license commences on the effective date of November 11, 2013, and terminates when all claims of the patents expire or are held in valid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction from which no appeal can be taken.

The term of the Agreement commences on the effective date until either party terminates the Agreement at any time following the fifth anniversary of the effective date by providing at least ninety days' prior written notice to the other party.

Failure to operate in accordance with the Services and License Agreement could result in the cancellation of this agreement.

OUR JOINT DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT WITH SUMITOMO PRECISION PRODUCTS CO. LTD WAS IMPORTANT TO OUR OPERATIONS AND HAS EXPIRED.

On May 31, 2012, we entered into a Joint Research and Product Development Agreement with Sumitomo for the commercialization of our ChromaID technology. The term of the Joint Development Agreement expired December 31, 2013. This Joint Development Agreement focused on the commercialization of our ChromaID™ technology. We have replaced Sumitomo with other suppliers.

WE NEED TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN IF OUR BUSINESS IS TO SUCCEED.

Our financial statements and notes for the year ended September 30, 2013 indicate that there are a number of factors that raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Such factors identified in the report result from net losses, negative working capital, and the need for additional financing to implement our business plan and service our debt repayments. If we are not able to continue as a going concern, it is likely investors will lose their investments.

WE MAY BE UNABLE TO PROTECT OUR IP RIGHTS, WHICH WOULD HARM OUR BUSINESS, FINANCIAL CONDITION AND OPERATING RESULTS.

We rely on a combination of patent, trademark, and trade secret laws, confidentiality procedures and licensing arrangements to protect our IP rights.

There can be no assurance that:

- any of our existing patents will continue to be held valid, if challenged;
- patents will be issued for any of our pending applications;
- any claims allowed from existing or pending patents will have sufficient scope or strength to protect us;
- our patents will be issued in the primary countries where our products are sold in order to protect our rights and potential commercial advantage; or
- any of our products or technologies will not infringe on the patents of other companies.

If we are enjoined from selling our products, or if we are required to develop new technologies or pay significant monetary damages or are required to make substantial royalty payments, our business and results of operations would be harmed.

WE ARE SUBJECT TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS, AND OUR COSTS RELATED TO COMPLIANCE WITH, OR OUR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH EXISTING AND FUTURE REQUIREMENTS, COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR BUSINESS.

We must comply with corporate governance requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, as well as additional rules and regulations currently in place and that may be subsequently adopted by the SEC and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. These laws, rules, and regulations continue to evolve and may become increasingly stringent in the future. We are required to include management's report on internal controls as part of our annual report pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. We strive to continuously evaluate and improve our control structure to help ensure that we comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. The financial cost of compliance with these laws, rules, and regulations is expected to remain substantial.

Our management has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to the presence of the following material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting:

While we have an audit committee, we lack a financial expert. During early 2014, the Board expects to appoint an additional independent Director to serve as Audit Committee Chairman who is an audit committee financial expert as defined by the SEC and as adopted under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Management anticipates that such disclosure controls and procedures will not be effective until the material weaknesses are remediated. We cannot assure you that we will be able to fully comply with these laws, rules, and regulations that address corporate governance, internal control reporting, and similar matters. Failure to comply with these laws, rules and regulations could materially adversely affect our reputation, financial condition, and the value of our securities.

In addition, under the rules implementing the Dodd-Frank Act, commencing with the first annual meeting of stockholders on or after January 21, 2013 and at least every three years thereafter, the Company's stockholders are entitled to an advisory vote to approve the compensation of our executive officers. The proxy statement for the Company's annual stockholder meeting held on March 21, 2013 failed to include the required resolution providing for such advisory vote and resulted in the Company's failure to hold the advisory vote and make the necessary disclosure of the outcome of such advisory vote in its subsequent Form 8-K filing. To address this omission and correct this control weakness in the Company's corporate governance compliance, the Company intends to hire a corporate governance and compliance consultant in early 2014 to fully review the Company's proxy statements as well as the Company's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission to insure that all necessary requirements are met. In addition, the CFO currently reports to the Audit Committee on any noncompliance issues, and we are using external service providers to ensure compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission requirements.

WE MAY ISSUE PREFERRED STOCK THAT COULD HAVE RIGHTS THAT ARE PREFERENTIAL TO THE RIGHTS OF COMMON STOCK THAT COULD DISCOURAGE POTENTIALLY BENEFICIAL TRANSACTIONS TO OUR COMMON SHAREHOLDERS.

An issuance of additional shares of preferred stock could result in a class of outstanding securities that would have preferences with respect to voting rights and dividends and in liquidation over our common stock and could, upon conversion or otherwise, have all of the rights of our common stock. Our Board of Directors' authority to issue preferred stock could discourage potential takeover attempts or could delay or prevent a change in control through merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise by making these attempts more difficult or costly to achieve. The issuance of preferred stock could impair the voting, dividend and liquidation rights of common stockholders without their approval.

IF A REVERSE STOCK SPLIT IS EFFECTUATED, IT COULD RESULT IN DILUTION TO THE COMPANY'S STOCKHOLDERS.

At the Company's 2013 annual meeting of stockholders held on March 21, 2013, the stockholders approved and authorized the Board of Directors, in its discretion, to effect a reverse stock split of the Company's common stock based upon an exchange ratio of not less than 1-for-3 and not more than 1-for-10, and to reduce the Company's authorized capital from 200,000,000 shares of common stock to 100,000,000 shares of common stock in connection with any such reverse stock split (the Company's authorized shares have since been increased from 200,000,000 to 500,000,000 at the special meeting of stockholders held on August 9, 2013). The authority given to the Board to implement this reverse stock split may be exercised at any time up until the Company's 2014 annual meeting of stockholders. Although the Board has not yet determined to effectuate any reverse stock split, if it elects to do so and the Company's authorized shares of common stock are not correspondingly reduced in the same ratio, it would result in a greater percentage of the Company's authorized shares of common stock being available for issuance. Upon issuance of additional authorized shares, each of the Company's then current shareholders would suffer a greater degree of dilution in their ownership percentage of the Company's common stock than would otherwise have occurred prior to the reverse stock split.

IF THE COMPANY WERE TO DISSOLVE OR WIND-UP, HOLDERS OF OUR COMMON STOCK MAY NOT RECEIVE A LIQUIDATION DISTRIBUTION.

If we were to wind-up or dissolve the Company and liquidate and distribute our assets, our shareholders would share ratably in our assets only after we satisfy any amounts we owe to our creditors. If our liquidation or dissolution were attributable to our inability to profitably operate our business, then it is likely that we would have material liabilities at the time of liquidation or dissolution. Accordingly, we cannot give you any assurance that sufficient assets will remain available after the payment of our creditors to enable you to receive any liquidation distribution with respect to any shares you may hold.

OUR ChromaID™ TECHNOLOGY IS NEW AND MAY NOT ACHIEVE COMMERCIAL SUCCESS

We are commercializing our ChromaID™ technology. To date, we have entered into one License Agreement with Sumitomo Precision Products Co., Ltd. Failure to sell our ChromaID products, grant additional licenses and obtain royalties, or develop other revenue streams will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In such event, it is likely investors will lose their investments.

OUR TRANSTECH VENDOR BASE IS CONCENTRATED

Evolis, Fargo, Magicard and NiSCA, are major vendors of TransTech whose products account for approximately 70% of TransTech's revenue. TransTech buys, packages and distributes products from these vendors after issuing purchase orders. Any loss of these vendors would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

GOVERNMENTAL REGULATORY APPROVAL MAY BE NECESSARY BEFORE SOME OF THE COMPANY'S PRODUCTS CAN BE SOLD AND THERE IS NO ASSURANCE SUCH APPROVAL WILL BE GRANTED

Our ChromaID technology may have a number of potential applications in fields of use which require prior governmental regulatory approval before the technology can be introduced to the marketplace. For example, the Company is exploring the use of its ChromaID technology for certain medical diagnostic applications. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in developing medical applications for its ChromaID technology. If it were to be successful in developing medical applications of its technology, prior approval by the FDA and other governmental regulatory bodies may be required before the technology could be introduced into the marketplace. There is no assurance that such regulatory approval would be obtained for a medical diagnostic or other applications requiring such approval.

THE COMPANY DOES NOT HAVE A FULL-TIME CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND THE COMPANY'S CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER HAS COMMITMENTS TO ANOTHER COMPANY.

Our Chief Financial Officer, Mark Scott, also serves as the Chief Financial Officer of one other company. At this time, we does not require a full-time Chief Financial Officer but as the Company's operations increase, it will consider retaining a full-time CFO.

Mr. Scott serves as a consulting CFO for GrowLife, Inc. Mr. Scott works in excess of forty hours per week for both companies and he is able to accommodate the needs of all companies at this time. Both companies are aware of Mr. Scott's employment and the companies do not rely on Mr. Scott to identify or secure funding sources for their operations. If, however, the needs either Company should change in the future requiring Mr. Scott to devote more time and/or requiring him to assist with identifying or securing funding sources, it could create material conflicts regarding the decisions he must make in allocating his time and the funding sources he might identify among the companies who employ him, which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise indicated, all of the following sales or issuances of Company securities were conducted under the exemption from registration as provided under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 (and also qualified for exemption under 4(5), formerly 4(6) of the Securities Act of 1933, except as noted below). All of the shares issued were issued in transactions not involving a public offering, are considered to be restricted stock as defined in Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933 and stock certificates issued with respect thereto bear legends to that effect.

The Company has compensated consultants and service providers with restricted common stock during the development of our technology and when our capital resources were not adequate to provide payment in cash.

All of the following transactions were to accredited investors.

During the three months ended June 30, 2014, we had the following unregistered sales of equity securities:

On May 15, 2014, we issued 1,600,000 shares of common stock to White Oak Capital LLC related to a conversion under a 7% Convertible Debenture. The shares were valued at \$160,000 or \$0.10 per share.

On June 12, 2014, we issued 300,000 shares of common stock to Dynasty Wealth, Inc. related to Financial Public Relations Group dated June 9, 2014. The shares were valued at \$60,000 or \$0.20 per share.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

This item is not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

The exhibits required to be filed herewith by Item 601 of Regulation S-K, as described in the following index of exhibits, are attached hereto unless otherwise indicated as being incorporated by reference, as follows:

(a)	Exhibits
10.1	Demand Promissory Note dated March 31, 2014 by and between Visualant, Inc. and J3E2A2Z LP. Attached as an exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K dated March 31, 2014 and filed with the SEC on April 3, 2014, and hereby incorporated by reference.
10.2	Amendment to Demand Promissory Note dated March 31, 2014 by and between Visualant, Inc. and J3E2A2Z LP. Attached as an exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K dated March 31, 2014 and filed with the SEC on April 3, 2014, and hereby incorporated by reference.
10.3	Financial Public Relations Agreement dated June 9, 2014 by and between Visualant, Inc. and Dynasty Wealth, Inc. Attached herewith.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer. Attached herewith.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Financial Officer. Attached herewith.
32.1	Section 906 Certifications. Attached herewith.
32.2	Section 906 Certifications. Attached herewith.
101	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T. (1)

(1) Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

VISUALANT, INCORPORATED

(Registrant)

Date: August 14, 2014

By: /s/ Ronald P. Erickson
Ronald P. Erickson
Chief Executive Officer, President, and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 14, 2014

By: /s/ Mark Scott
Mark Scott
Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT 10.3

FINANCIAL PUBLIC RELATIONS AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is made and entered into this 9th day of June, 2014 (the "Effective Date") by and between Visualant, Inc., a Nevada Corporation ("Company") and Dynasty Wealth, Inc., a Nevada Corporation ("Consultant").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Company and the Consultant desire to enter into a financial public relations agreement (the Agreement).

WHEREAS, the Company desires to engage Consultant to perform certain financial public relations services for it, and Consultant desires, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, to perform financial public relations services for Company.

NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION OF THE MUTUAL PROMISES AND UNDERTAKING HEREIN CONTAINED AND FOR OTHER GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION THE RECEIPT AND SUFFICIENCY OF WHICH IS HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGED THE PARTIES AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

1. ENGAGEMENT OF CONSULTANT

Company hereby engages Consultant and Consultant hereby agrees to hold itself available to render, and to render at the request of the Company, independent investor relations advisory and consulting services for the Company, upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth. Such consulting services shall include the development, implementation and maintenance of an on-going stock market support system that increases investor awareness of the company's activities and stimulates investor interest in the Company. The stock market support system shall include a Shareholder Communication System, and Investor Relation Systems, which will be defined and developed by Consultant. It is understood that Consultant's ability to relate information regarding the Company's activities is directly proportionate to and contingent upon information availed by the Company to the Consultant. Although Consultant will pass along information about the Company or its assets to brokers, institutions and investors, it undertakes no responsibility to independently corroborate any information.

2. SERVICES

During the Term (as defined in Section 3 below), Consultant shall provide consulting services to the Company which shall include the development, implementation and maintenance of an on-going stock market support system that increases investor awareness of the company's activities and stimulates investor interest in the Company. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Consultant will specifically complete the following:

2.1 Disseminate Public Information. Consultant will disseminate public information about the Company, its business and affairs, in the United States of America, to investment professionals and private parties who may have an interest in investing in the Company's securities. Consultant will disseminate public information regarding the Company to its existing database of business associates and to other investment professionals whom Consultant will research and identify based on their potential interest in the Company.

2.2 Communicate with Investment Community. Consultant will communicate on an ongoing basis with members of the investment community.

2.3 Conduct Conference Calls. Consultant will conduct periodic conference calls with investors and other investment professionals who may have an interest in the Company.

2.4 Arrange Meetings with Investment Community. Consultant will identify investor conferences where the Company's management may be invited to attend, and arrange group or individual meetings with portfolio managers, analysts, stockbrokers and other investment professionals in key money center cities.

2.5 Facilitate Research Reports. Consultant will provide introductions to buy and sell-side research analysts, and financial newsletter writers with the goal of facilitating the production of one or more research reports or financial newsletters on the Company.

2.6 News Releases. Consultant will review and, where appropriate, make suggestions to modify the Company's proposed news releases. Consultant will distribute Company's news releases if requested.

2.7 Investor Relations. Consultant will advise the Company regarding best practices that are typical of the Investor Relations profession.

2.8 Public Presentations. Consultant will review and comment upon the Company's web-site, PowerPoint presentation, fact sheet and other investor oriented materials.

3. TERM

The initial term of this Agreement ("Term") shall commence as of the Effective Date and shall continue for twelve (12) months thereafter. Following the twelve (12) month term, the engagement shall automatically continue on a month-to-month basis, unless terminated in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

4. COMPENSATION

As compensation for the Services rendered by the Consultant during the term of this Agreement, beginning May 1, 2014, service fees of US \$10,000 per month for a period of two months are due upon invoice and payable within thirty (30) days from Company's receipt of invoice. After the initial three months payment shall be made in cash or the Company's common stock valued at \$0.20 per share (100,000 shares per month) at the Company's discretion.

Further, as compensation to the Consultant for Services rendered pursuant to this Agreement, the Company shall issue to the Consultant 300,000 shares of Company restricted common stock that the Company values at \$0.20 per share. In addition, the Company shall issue warrants to purchase shares of common stock in the Company at a price of \$0.20 per share and will be issued pursuant to the following vesting schedule:

4.1 Warrant to purchase 200,000 shares of Company common stock at \$0.20 per share will vest on the Effective Date.

4.2 Warrant to purchase 100,000 shares at a price of \$0.20 per share shall vest for every shareholder of the Company who filed Schedule 13D, 13F or 13G during the Term disclosing beneficial ownership of greater than 2.0 % of the Company's outstanding shares. Such shareholders shall be identified as being introduced to the Company by the Consultant.

4.3 Warrant to purchase 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 225,000 shares per day.

4.4 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 350,000 shares per day.

4.5 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 500,000 shares per day.

4.6 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 750,000 shares per day.

4.7 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 1,000,000 shares per day.

4.8 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 1,250,000 shares per day.

4.9 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 1,250,000 shares per day.

4.11 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 1,500,000 shares per day.

4.12 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 1,750,000 shares per day.

4.13 Warrant to purchase an additional 150,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, if during the Term of the Agreement the three-month average trading volume is greater than 2,000,000 shares per day.

4.14 Warrant to purchase an additional 100,000 shares of Stock at a price of \$0.20 per share, for each non-paid research report initiated during the Term of the Agreement

The exercise period for each of the Warrants will be 5 years from the date of issue and the shares underlying the Warrants and the restricted shares shall not standard "piggy-back" registration rights. A warrant Certificate shall be issued for the Warrant as they become vested. All taxes with respect to the Warrants will be borne by Consultant.

5. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

It is expressly agreed that the Consultant is acting as an independent contractor in performing its services hereunder. Company shall carry no workmen's compensation insurance or any health or accident insurance to cover Consultant. Company shall not pay any contributions to social security, unemployment insurance, Federal or state withholding taxes nor provide any other contributions or benefits which might be expected in an employer-employee relationship.

6. TERMINATION

After the twelve (12) month Term, this Agreement may be terminated by either party for any reason upon thirty-day (30) notice in writing (including email). In the event the Agreement is terminated, Consultant shall cease rendering its services to Company as of the effective date of termination, and Company shall pay Consultant for the services performed and approved expenses through the effective date of termination.

7. INDEMNIFICATION

The Company will defend Consultant against any third party claim that any incorrect information that Company has provided to Consultant and specifically instructed stated that this information is to be released and communicated to the public ("Claim"), and indemnify Consultant from the resulting costs and damages awarded against Consultant to the third party making such Claim, by a court of competent jurisdiction or regulatory agency or agreed to in settlement by Company; provided that Consultant: (i) notifies Company promptly in writing of such Claim, (ii) grants Company sole control over the defense and settlement thereof, and (iii) reasonably cooperates in response to a Company request for assistance. Company will have the exclusive right to defend any such Claim and make settlements thereof at its own discretion, and Consultant may not settle or compromise such Claim, except with prior written consent of Company.

The Company will not, however, be responsible for any claims, liabilities, losses, damages or expenses which result from any compromise or settlement not approved by the Company or which are determined by a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted solely from the fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence of any Indemnified Person. The Company also agrees that no Indemnified Person shall have any liability to the Company for or in connection with this engagement, except for any such liability for losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses incurred by the Company, which are determined by a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted solely from the fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence of the Indemnified Person. The foregoing agreement shall be in addition to any rights that any Indemnified Person may have at common law or otherwise, including without limitation any right to contribution.

8. GENERAL PROVISIONS

8.1 Governing Law and Jurisdiction

This Agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Washington. Each of the Parties hereto consents to such jurisdiction for the enforcement of this Agreement and matters pertaining to the transaction and activities contemplated hereby.

8.2. Attorney's Fees

In the event a dispute arises with respect to this Agreement, the party prevailing in such dispute shall be entitled to recover all expenses, including, without limitation, reasonable attorney's fees and expenses incurred in ascertaining such party's rights, in preparing to enforce or in enforcing such party's rights under this Agreement, whether or not it was necessary for such party to institute suit.

8.3 Unenforceable Terms

Any provision hereof prohibited by law or unenforceable under the law of any jurisdiction in which such provision is applicable shall adhere to such jurisdiction only be ineffective without affecting any other provision if this Agreement. To the full extent, however, that such applicable law may be waived to the end that this Agreement be deemed to be a valid and binding agreement enforceable in accordance with its terms, the Parties hereto hereby waive such applicable law knowingly and understanding the effect of such waiver.

8.4 Execution in Counterparts

This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts and when so executed shall constitute one agreement binding on all the Parties, notwithstanding that all the Parties are not signatory to the original and same counterpart.

9. NOTICES

Any notice or other communication required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be delivered personally or by recognized delivery service, telegraphed, telexed, sent by facsimile transmission (provided acknowledgement of receipt thereof is delivered to the sender) or sent by certified, registered or express mail, postage prepaid. Any such notice shall be deemed given when so delivered personally or by recognized delivery service, telegraphed, telexed, and sent by facsimile transmission or, if mailed, three days after the date of deposit in the United States mails as follows:

If to Consultant, to:

Dynasty Wealth, Inc.
Attn: Craig Markowski
2755 East Oakland Park Blvd.
Suite 290
Fort Lauderdale FL 33305
754-200-5119

If to Company, to:

Visualant, Inc.
500 Union Street, Suite 420
Seattle, WA 98101
(206) 903-1351

Or such address as any of the above shall have specified by notice hereunder.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first herein above written.

Visualant, Inc.

By /s/ Ronald P. Erickson
Name: Ronald P. Erickson
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Dynasty Wealth, Inc.

By /s/ Catherine Mead
Name: Catherine Mead
Title: Director

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATIONS

I, Ronald P. Erickson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Visualant, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(a) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2014

/s/ Ronald P. Erickson
Ronald P. Erickson
Chief Executive Officer

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATIONS

I, Mark Scott, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Visualant, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(a) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2014

/s/ Mark Scott
Mark Scott
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Visualant, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Ronald P. Erickson, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- 1.The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2.The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the dates and periods covered by the Report.

This certificate is being made for the exclusive purpose of compliance by the Chief Executive and Financial and Accounting Officer of the Company with the requirements of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and may not be disclosed, distributed or used by any person or for any reason other than as specifically required by law.

/s/ Ronald P. Erickson
Ronald P. Erickson
Chief Executive Officer
August 14, 2014

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Visualant, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Mark Scott, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- 1.The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2.The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the dates and periods covered by the Report.

This certificate is being made for the exclusive purpose of compliance by the Chief Executive and Financial and Accounting Officer of the Company with the requirements of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and may not be disclosed, distributed or used by any person or for any reason other than as specifically required by law.

/s/ Mark Scott
Mark Scott
Chief Financial Officer
August 14, 2014