



USBC, Inc.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHARTER



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I. PURPOSE

The Audit Committee (the “Committee”) of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of USBC, Inc. (the “Company”) shall assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities to the stockholders, potential stockholders, and the investment community relating to corporate accounting, reporting practices of the Company and the quality and integrity of the financial reports of the Company. In doing so, the Committee shall assist the Board in overseeing:

- the accounting and financial reporting practices of the Company;
- audits of the Company’s financial statements, including, without limitation, the performance of the Company’s internal controls and internal audit function and the independent auditors’ qualifications, independence and performance;
- the integrity of the Company’s financial statements;
- the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- the Company’s system of internal and disclosure controls regarding the Company’s financial statements and reporting, including all related financial disclosures; and
- the Company’s cybersecurity risk management program, including disclosure practices and incident response readiness.

The Committee shall prepare the disclosure required by Item 407(d)(3)(i) of Regulation S-K and review and approve the Audit Committee Report for inclusion in the Company’s annual proxy statement.

The independent auditors for the Company are accountable to the Committee. The independent auditors shall submit to the Committee and the Company annually a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company, addressing at least the matters set forth in Rule 3526(b) of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

While certain duties and responsibilities of the Committee are more specifically set forth below, the general function of the Committee is oversight. Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation, presentation, and integrity of the Company’s financial statements. In addition, management is responsible for maintaining appropriate accounting and financial reporting principles and policies and internal controls and



procedures designed to assure compliance with accounting and auditing standards and applicable laws and regulations.

Each member of the Committee may rely on (i) the integrity of those persons and organizations within and outside the Company from which it receives information; and (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee by such persons or organizations absent actual knowledge to the contrary (which shall promptly be reported to the Board).

II. MEMBERSHIP

The Committee shall consist of at least three (3) members, each of whom shall meet the independence requirements of the stock exchange on which the Company's common stock is listed or approved for quotation and applicable laws. Members of the Committee and the Chairperson of the Committee shall be appointed annually for a term of one (1) year or until their successors are duly appointed and qualified by the Board. The Board shall appoint a new member or members in the event that there is a vacancy on the Committee that reduces the number of members below three (3), or in the event that the Board determines that the number of members on the Committee should be increased. The Board may remove any member of the Committee with or without cause at any time.

All Committee members also shall be financially literate, including having a working familiarity with basic finance and accounting practices, and at least one (1) member shall be a "financial expert," in compliance with criteria established by the SEC and must have accounting or related financial management expertise, as the Board interprets such qualification in its business judgment. The Board shall reaffirm the financial expertise of Committee members annually. Committee members may enhance their familiarity with finance, accounting, and auditing matters by participating in educational programs conducted by the Company or an outside consultant. A prospective Committee member should evaluate carefully the existing demands on his or her time before accepting this important assignment. No Committee member may simultaneously serve on the audit committees of more than three (3) public companies.

III. MEETINGS

The Committee shall meet as often as it deems desirable. Each regularly scheduled meeting may conclude with an executive session of the Committee without members of



management present and on such terms and conditions as the Committee may elect. To foster open communication, the Committee should meet periodically in executive session with management, the director of the internal audit department and the independent auditors in separate sessions to discuss any matters that the Committee or any of these groups believe should be discussed privately.

The Committee may invite such other members of management to its meetings as it deems appropriate. However, the Committee shall meet regularly without such members present, and such management members shall not be present at meetings at which their compensation or performance is discussed or determined or under circumstances when the independence of Committee determinations may be compromised.

The Committee shall take written minutes of its meetings and activities and submit such minutes to the Secretary of the Company for record keeping. The Chairperson of the Committee shall report to the Board as requested by the Chairperson of the Board.

The Committee shall be governed by the same rules regarding meetings (including meetings in person or by telephone or other similar communications equipment), action without meetings, notice, waiver of notice, and quorum and voting requirements as are applicable to the Board. Meetings may be held in person or via teleconference, videoconference, or other electronic means. The Committee may act by unanimous written consent, including by electronic transmission.

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES

The Committee will primarily fulfill its responsibilities by carrying out the activities enumerated in this section below. The Committee will report regularly to the Board regarding the execution of these duties and responsibilities, including, without limitation, (i) the quality and integrity of the Company's financial statements; (ii) the Company's compliance with legal or regulatory requirements affecting financial statements and reporting, including related financial reporting; (iii) the performance and independence of the Company's independent auditors; and (iv) the performance of the internal audit function. The Committee has the authority, without seeking Board approval, to obtain advice and assistance from outside legal, accounting and/or other advisors as deemed appropriate by the Committee to fully execute its duties and responsibilities. The Company shall provide appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, for compensation for the independent auditors and for any outside legal, accounting and other advisors that the Committee may choose to engage and for ordinary administrative expenses of the



Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties. None of the Committee's responsibilities may be delegated to any other committee of the Board, except as may be determined by the Board.

The Committee shall:

A. DOCUMENTS/RESPORTS/ACCOUNTING INFORMATION REVIEW

1. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditors the Company's annual financial statements, quarterly financial statements, and all internal controls reports (or summaries thereof). Review any other relevant reports or financial information submitted by the Company to any governmental body, credit and rating agency or the public, including management certifications as required by Sections 302 and 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and relevant reports rendered by the independent auditors (or summaries thereof).
2. Review with financial management and the independent auditors each Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and each Annual Report on Form 10-K (including, without limitation, the Company's disclosure under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations") prior to its filing.
3. Review earnings press releases with management, paying particular attention to any use of "pro-forma", "adjusted" or other information which is not required by generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").
4. Discuss with management any financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies. Such discussions may be on general terms (i.e., discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and the type of presentation to be made) and need not be in advance of each earnings release or earnings guidance.
5. Review the regular internal reports (or summaries thereof) to management prepared by the internal auditing department and management's response.
6. Recommend to the Board whether the audited financial statements are suitable for inclusion in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and other governmental reports.



7. Obtain from the independent auditors assurance that the audit was conducted in a manner consistent with the procedures set forth in Section 10A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, for audits of financial statements required under that Act.

B. INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

8. Have sole authority to appoint, compensate, retain and oversee the work performed by the independent auditors engaged for the purpose of preparing and issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company. The Committee shall have the ultimate authority to approve all audit engagement fees and terms. The Committee shall have sole authority to review the performance of the independent auditors and remove the independent auditors if circumstances warrant. The independent auditors shall report directly to the Committee, and the Committee shall oversee the resolution of any disagreement between management and the independent auditors in the event that any may arise.
9. Review with the independent auditors (without representatives of management present when deemed necessary) reports or communications submitted to the Committee by the independent auditors required by or referred to in PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 1301 (AS 1301), "Communications with Audit Committees"; review any problems or difficulties with an audit and management's response, including any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditors activities or an access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management; and review and hold timely discussions with the independent auditors regarding the following:
 - all critical accounting policies and practices and other major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including significant changes in accounting principles;
 - all alternative treatments of financial information within GAAP that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditors;



- other material written communications between the independent auditors and management including, but not limited to, any “management” or “internal control” letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditors and schedule of unadjusted differences;
 - the scope of the annual audit;
 - the audited financial statements and disclosures made in Management’s Discussion and Analysis;
 - significant risks and exposures, if any, and the steps taken to monitor and minimize such risks;
 - any other significant matters arising from any audit or report or communication between the independent auditors and management or the internal audit department, whether raised by management, the internal audit department or the independent auditors, relating to the Company’s financial statements;
 - review the form of opinion the independent auditors propose to render to the Board and stockholders;
 - any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditors but were “passed” (as immaterial or otherwise); and
 - any communications between the audit team and the audit firm’s national office respecting auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement.
10. At least annually, obtain and review a report by the independent auditors (including the review and evaluation of the lead partner of the independent auditors) describing:
- the independent auditors’ internal quality control procedures, the budget, staffing and responsibilities of the internal audit department and any recommended changes in the planned scope of the internal audit;
 - any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review or peer review of the independent auditors, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five (5) years, respecting one or more independent



audits carried out by the independent auditors, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and

- all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company that may relate to the auditors' independence.

In making the foregoing evaluation, the Committee should take into account the opinions of management and the Company's internal auditors.

11. Review audit services and approve in advance any non-audit services to be provided by the independent auditors, taking into consideration SEC rules regarding permissible and impermissible services by such independent auditors. This duty may be delegated to one or more designated members of the Committee with any such pre-approval reported to the Committee at its next regularly scheduled meeting. Approval of non-audit services shall be disclosed to investors in periodic reports to the extent required by Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
12. Set clear hiring policies, compliant with governing laws or regulations, for employees or former employees of the independent auditors.
13. Review and evaluate the lead audit partner of the independent auditors.
14. Assure the regular rotation of the lead audit partner as required by law, and consider whether regular rotation of the independent auditors is advisable to assure continuing auditor independence.

C. FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCESS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

15. In consultation with the independent auditors and the internal auditors, review the integrity of the Company's financial reporting processes (both internal and external), and the internal control structure (including disclosure controls).
16. Review major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles, and major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and any special audit steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies.



17. Review analyses prepared by management (and the independent auditors as noted above) setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative GAAP methods on the financial statements.
18. Review the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance-sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company.
19. Review and approve all related-party transactions.
20. Establish and maintain procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters.
21. Establish and maintain procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by Company employees regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

D. INTERNAL AUDIT

22. Review and advise on the selection and removal of the internal audit director.
23. Review activities, organizational structure, and qualifications of the internal audit department.
24. Periodically review with the internal audit director any significant difficulties, disagreements with management, or scope restrictions encountered in the course of the department's work.

E. ETHICAL COMPLIANCE, LEGAL COMPLIANCE, AND RISK MANAGEMENT

25. Review and approve a Code of Ethics (the "Code") and ensure that management has established a system to enforce this Code. Ensure that the Code is in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations.
26. Review management's monitoring of the Company's compliance with the Code, and ensure that management has the proper review system in place to ensure that Company's financial statements, reports and other financial



information disseminated to governmental organizations and the public satisfy legal requirements.

27. Review, with the Company's internal and outside legal counsel, legal compliance matters, including insider trading policies with respect to the Company's securities.
28. Review, with the Company's internal and outside counsel, any legal or regulatory matter that could have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.
29. Discuss policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management. Such discussions should include the Company's major financial and accounting risk exposures and the steps management has undertaken to monitor and control them, including guidelines and policies to govern the risk management process.
30. Review and oversee the Company's cybersecurity risk management framework, including controls, incident response plans, and public disclosures.
31. Periodically review the Company's procedures for addressing whistleblower complaints to ensure consistency with protections under Section 21F of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
32. Discuss with management and auditors emerging risks related to data privacy, artificial intelligence systems, and other advanced technologies impacting financial reporting and internal controls.
33. Review and oversee the Company's policies, controls, and risk management practices with respect to the acquisition, custody, accounting, valuation, and financial reporting of digital assets held in the Company's treasury. This includes cybersecurity protections, internal control frameworks for digital asset security, and compliance with applicable accounting standards and regulatory guidance. For the avoidance of doubt, strategic decisions regarding the Company's digital asset investment policy (e.g., whether to hold a digital asset, quantity thresholds, liquidity policy, and conversion to fiat) shall be governed by the full Board or the Investment Committee.



34. In the event the Committee determines that the Company is required to prepare an accounting restatement, whether due to material noncompliance or to correct an error that is not material to previously issued financial statements but would result in material misstatement if the error were left uncorrected, the Committee shall promptly notify the Compensation Committee. The Committee shall cooperate with the Compensation Committee to ensure that any recovery of erroneously awarded incentive-based compensation is carried out in accordance with the Company's Clawback Policy adopted pursuant to Rule 10D-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the applicable listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange.

F. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

35. Review, with the independent auditors, the Company's internal auditing department and management, the extent to which changes or improvements in financial or accounting practices, as approved by the Committee, have been implemented. This review should be conducted at an appropriate time subsequent to implementation of changes or improvements, as determined by the Committee.
36. Perform an annual self-assessment relative to the Committee's performance, including, without limitation, performing its purpose, duties and responsibilities as described in this Charter.
37. Maintain procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. All such matters may be communicated directly to the Committee in accordance with Company policy, which requires all employees to report such matters. If specifically requested, all reports shall remain confidential to the full extent allowed by law.
38. Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the Company's Bylaws and governing law, as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.



39. The Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter at least annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

V. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

Subject to the limitation set forth in the “Responsibilities” section above, the Committee shall have the authority to delegate any of its responsibilities, along with the authority to take action in relation to such responsibilities, to one or more subcommittees as the Committee may deem appropriate in its sole discretion.

VI. PUBLICATION

The Company shall make this Charter freely available to stockholders on request and shall publish it on the Company’s website.